## STATE ENVIRONMENT IMPACT ASSESSMENT AUTHORITY HARYANA Bay No. 55-58, Prayatan Bhawan, Sector-2, PANCHKULA.

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No. SEIAA(128)/HR/2021/6/2

Dated: 69 /07/2021

To

M/s Pyramid City Projects LLP & Others in Collaboration With Elan Ltd, L1/1100, First Floor, Street No.25, Sangam Vihar, South Delhi, New Delhi-110062

Subject:

Environment Clearance for Proposed Commercial Colony (Retail, Multiplex & Food Court) planned at Village Adampur, Sector 50, Gurugram, Haryana.

This letter is in reference to your application dated 23.02.2021 addressed to Member Secretary, SEIAA, Haryana received on 09.03.2021 and subsequent letters dated 30.03.2021 seeking Environmental Clearance for the above project under the EIA Notification, 2006. The proposal has been appraised as per prescribed procedure in the light of provisions under the EIA Notification, 2006 on the basis of the mandatory documents enclosed with the application viz., Form-1, Form1-A, Conceptual Planand additional clarifications furnished in Rayi Brak 250 Gunta Antions of the State Expert Appraisal Committee (SEAC) constituted by Member Secretary, SEIAA

Partchtula: CC, Gol vide their Notification dated 30.01.2019, in its meeting held on 25/26/27.03.2021 awarded "Gold" rating / grading to the project.

201012021

[2] It is inter-alia, noted that the project involves the Commercial Colony (Retail, Multiplex & Food Court) planned at Village Adampur, Sector 50, Gugueram, Haryana. The Manno details of the project as given below: Panchiula

Sr. No.	Particulars				
1.	Online Proposal Number	SIA/HR/MIS/199721/2021			
2.	Latitude	28° 25' 5.83" N			
3.	Longitude	77° 3′ 35.30" E			
4.	Plot Area	13,556.948 m <sup>2</sup> / 3.35 Acres			
5.	Proposed Ground Coverage	7,276.36 m <sup>2</sup> (53.67 %)			
6.	Proposed FAR	25,351.492 m <sup>2</sup>			
7.	Non FAR Area	14,316,898 m <sup>2</sup>			
8.	Total Built Up area	39,668.390 m <sup>2</sup>			
9.	Total Population	7906			
10.	Total Green Area with %	2,711.39 m <sup>2</sup> (20%)			
11.	Rain Water Harvesting Pits (with size)	4 Pits (Dia. 4m & Dep. 5.3m)			
12.	Total Parking	508 ECS			
13.	Organic Waste Converter	Total 3 nos. of OWC of capacity 790 Kg/day (1×500+1×250 +1×40 Kg/day).			
14.	Maximum Height of the Building (m)	29.4 m			
15.	Power Requirement	2405.46 KW (DHBVN)			
16.	Power Backup	3 nos of DG Set having total capacity of			

			3,520 KVA (2 x 1010 KVA+1 x 1500 KVA)		
17. Water Requirement			219 KLD		
18.	Domestic Water Req	uirement	82 KLD		
19.	Fresh Water Requirement		82 KLD		
20.	Treated Water		137 KLD		
21.	Waste Water Generated		152 KLD		
22.	STP Capacity		200 KLD		
23.	Solid Waste Generated		1,298 Kg/day		
24.	Biodegradable Waste		779 Kg/day		
25.	Basement		2 nos		
26.	Stories		LF+GF+4		
27.	R+U Value of Material used (Glass)		U Value: 1.78 w/sqm k SHGC: 0.25		
28.	Total Cost of the project:		Total Cost of Project: 160 Cr.		
29.	EMP Budget		EMP Budget: 800 Lakhs (5% of Total Project Cost) Capital Cost: 330 Lakhs (2.0625%) Recurring Cost: 470 Lakhs (2.9375%)		
30.	Incremental Load in respect of:	PM 2.5	0.02408 ug/m <sup>3</sup>		
		PM 10	0.07992 ug/m <sup>3</sup>		
		SO <sub>2</sub>	1.3897 ug/m <sup>3</sup>		
		NO <sub>2</sub>	0.6984 ug/m <sup>3</sup> alusinons		
		CO	0.000096 ug/m <sup>3</sup>		
31.	Construction Phase:	Power Back-up	Temporary electrical connection of 19 KW& 01 DG of 125 KVA		
nber Sec	in Gupta, IAS retary, SEIAA,	Water Requirement & Source	Fresh water – 10 KLD for drinking & sanitation.  Treated wastewater 30 KLD for construction  Source: Fresh water – GMDA  Construction Water – GMDA		
		STP (Modular)	1 (5 KLD)		
		Anti-Smoke Gun	01 Anti-smog gun		

Table 2: EMP Details

During Construction Phase			<b>During Operation Phase</b>		
Description	Capital Cost (In Lakhs)	Recurring Cost (In Lakhs for 5 Year)	Description	Capital Cost (in Lakhs)	Recurring Cost (In Lakhs for 10 Year)
Sanitation and Wastewater Management (Modular STP)	6.00	15,00	Waste Water Management (Sewage Treatment Plant)	120.00	180.00
Garbage & Debris disposal	0.00	8.00	Solid Waste Management (Dust bins & OWC)	45.00	80.00
Green Belt Development	10.00	16.75	Green Belt Development	40.00	80.25

- Court	44 Lakhs	88.75 Lakhs	Total	286 Lakhs	381.25 Lakhs
Fotal	det at	-	Plantation of trees in the nearby area	8.00	
Storm Water Management (temporary drains and sedimentation basin)	3.00	5.00	Providing Desktop in the nearby existing village	18.00	0.00
Medical cum First Aid facility ( providing medical room & Doctor	5.00	25.00	Energy Saving (Solar Panel system)	38.00	6.00
Dust Mitigation Measures Including site barricading, water sprinkling and anti-smog gun)		10.00	DG Sets including stack height and acoustics		10.00
Rainwater harvesting system (3 pits)	10.00	4.00	Rainwater harvesting system	Total Control	15.00
Air, Noise, Soil, Water Monitoring	0.00	5.00	Monitoring for Air Water, Noise & Soi	00.00	10.00

The State Expert Appraisal Committee, Haryana after due consideration of the relevant documents submitted by the project proponent and additional clarification furnished in Rayi Prakash Gupta. IAS propose to its prop

## Specific Conditions:-

- Sewage shall be treated in the STP based on latest Technology with tertiary treatment i.e.Ultra Filtration to achieve standards ordered by NGT. The Treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/reused for flushing. DG cooling and Gardening
- The PP shall get the final IGBC certification for extra FAR before the start of the project.
- The Project Proponent would devise a monitoring plan to the satisfaction of the State Pollution Control Board so as to continuously monitor the treated waste water being used for flushing in terms of faecal coli forms and other pathogenic bacteria.
- 4. The PP shall ensure that total 2% of the cost of project shall be spent on EMP Budget. However, the amount and component shown in EMP table above shall also be included for the purpose of 2% amount. The EMP cost on Socio Economic activities shall be used before the commencement of the project & EMP recurring inside the project shall be implemented throughout the operation of the project. The PP shall establish Environment monitoring cell as per documents submitted.
- The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the basic details (given in above tables), stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- 6. The Project Proponents would commission a third party study on the implementation of conditions related to quality and quantity of recycle and reuse of treated water, efficiency of treatment systems, quality of treated water being supplied for flushing (specially the bacterial counts), comparative bacteriological studies from toilet seats using recycled

treated waters and fresh waters for flushing, and quality of water being supplied through

spray faucets attached to toilet seats.

Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid Waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials. Wet Garbage shall be composted in Organic waste convertor. Adequate 7. area shall be provided for solid waste management within the premises which will include area for segregation, composting. The Inert waste from the project will be sent to solid waste dumping site through authorized vender.

Traffic management plan as submitted shall be implemented in letter and spirit. Apart, a detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is marinated and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habilitation being carried out or purpose to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time

The PP shall not carry any construction below the HT Line passing through the project.

No tree cutting has been proposed in the instant project. A minimum of 1 tree for every 80sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The Existing trees will be counted for 10. this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. As proposed 2,711.39 m2 (20%) shall be provided for Green Area development for whole project.

The Project Proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the 11.

construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.

Consent to establish/operate for the project shall be obtained from the State Pollution Control Board as required under the Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act, 1981 12. and the Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1974.

The Approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of 13. building code due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipments etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.

The PP shall obtain the Fire NOC from the Competent Authority before taking the

occupation of the building.

17.

Prakath Gupta IAS stall the Eco Friendly Green Transformer based on ester oil to reduce the nber Secretary, SEIAA. The PP shall shift to gas based generator set when the gas is available. thus The PP shall install APCM for the DG set. The PP shall reduce the So2 load by 30% if HSD is used. The DG sets will be operated for maximum 04 hours during power failure through Executing Agency

The PP shall not give occupation or possession before the water supply and sewage connection permitted by the competent authority.

The PP shall not give occupation or possession before the electricity connection permitted by the competent Authority.

The PP shall obtain the permission regarding withdrawal of ground water from CGWA 18. before the start of the project and also obtained the CTO from HSPCB after the approval from CGWA.

The PP shall carry out the quarterly awareness programs for the stakeholders of the 19.

4Rain water harvesting recharge pits shall be provided for ground water recharging as per 20. the CGWB norms.

The PP shall install Digital water level recorder for monitoring the water recharge and 21. carry out quarterly maintenance and cleaning of 4 RWH pits.

The PP shall provide the Anti-smog gun mounted on vehicle in the project for 22. suppression of dust during construction & operational phase and shall use the treated water.

The PP shall take all preventive measures including water sprinkles to control dust during 23. construction and operational phase.

24. The PP shall provide the mechanical ladder for use in case of emergency.

25. Any change in stipulations of EC will lead to Environment Clearance void-ab-initio and PP will have to seek fresh Environment Clearance.

26. Extensive studies have been undertaken regarding traffic scenario and LOS round the site to ascertain that there would be no adverse effect or impediment in movement of traffic during construction or operational phase of upcoming project.

27. While carry out the "Air dispersion Modeling" inbound and outbound vehicles (51 PCU/Hr) along with the emission & running hours (24 hrs.) of DG set has been

Running of DG sets/ Captive power during construction or operational phase and fuel to 28. be used would be as per related Guidelines of GRAP & amp; strictures/ injections passed by Hon'ble EPCA/NGT and further National Clean Air programmed vide Office Order No. HSPCB/SSC/2020/4320-44 dated 25/06/2020 would be implemented.

# A. Statutory Compliance:

The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all [1] relevant agencies including town planning authority for ground coverage, FAR and should be in accordance with zoning plan approved by Competent Authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.

The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of [2] buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc. as per National

Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.

The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest [3] (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.

The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if [4]

applicable.

The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish/Operate under the provisions [5] of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Haryana State Pollution Control Board. [6]

The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground

water /surface water required for the project from the competent authority.

Ravi Fra ash Cerptante of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the Member Sec Project SEIA with the load allowed for the project should be obtained. All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Panchkula Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.

The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste [9] (Management) Rules, 2016, the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 and Batteries waste (Management Handling Rules2001 as amended in 2020) shall be followed.

The project proponent shall follow the ECBC Act/ECBC-Rules prescribed by Bureau [10] of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly in addition of bylaws of the State Government.

#### Air Quality Monitoring and Preservation I.

Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.

ii. A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current

exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.

The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality iii. monitoring forcommon/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM<sub>10</sub> and PM<sub>2.5</sub>) covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.

Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of īv. enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of ultra lowsulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with State Pollution

Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smoke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.

Sand, murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to vi.

prevent dust pollution.

Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.

Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress vii. viii.

All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition ix and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.

The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be ultra low sulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air х.

and noise emission standards.

The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to XL. mitigate the noise pollution. Ultra low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.

For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of xii.

India.

29/07/201

#### Water Quality Monitoring and Preservation 11.

The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of vi Prakash Gupts, NAS onstruction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the nber Secretary, SEIAA tland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.

nchkuta Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.

Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the iii. project details. The per capita supply should adhere to NBC 2016 and CGWA Notification dated 12.12.2018.

The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be iv. measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC as well

as to SEIAA, Haryana along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the V. total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.

At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be vi. pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc.

would be considered as pervious surface.

Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and vii. bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.

Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building

viii.

Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.

Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete,

curing agents and other best practices referred.

The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local XL. byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain Water Harvesting pits shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.

xii. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested the Competent Authority.

All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.

xiv. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.

xv. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.

xvi. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.

xvii. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing. AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, no treated water shall be disposed in to municipal drain.

xviii. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.

xix. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other end-uses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.

Priodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted.

Prakash Suptages measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP...

The secretary of treatment including septic tanks, shall be collected,

conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

## III. Noise Monitoring and Prevention

 Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.

Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this
regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly
compliance report.

 Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

### IV. Energy Conservation Measures

 Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency as per ECBC Act, 2017 read with ECBC Rules, 2018 shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC also which is in no case should be less than 25% as prescribed.

Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.

 Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof R & Uvalues shall be as per ECBC specifications.

Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the building should be integral part of the project design and should be in iv. place before project commissioning.

Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.

Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating vi. shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.

The PP will submit report indicating compliance of each parameter of ECBC vii.

requirement and submit quantification saving report for each component.

#### Waste Management V.

A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.

Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the ii. neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.

Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for iii. facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.

Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.5 kg iv. /person/day must be installed. Leaves to be put in earmarked pits for converting them W Cupts, ASo be used as manure.

Attany SELAC gradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.

Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed of as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.

09/07/2071 Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction vii. materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity, These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, Compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.

Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of viii. Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016.Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.

Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be ix. managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.

Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling X. as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

#### VI. Green Cover

No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely i. necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory necessary, tree terning small be will prove authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be authority. Old trees snound be retained prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to ii.

species (planted).

A minimum of 1 tree (5' tall) for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and A minimum of I tree (5 tatt) for every on squa or tatte should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape maintained. The existing uses will be counted for one purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, water intensive sold. planning should include plantation of native species. The species with neavy tottage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive

submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.

A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who iii.

will directly to the head of the organization.

Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by iv. competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action plan shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.

PP must submit the Balance sheet/Account statement duly attested & signed by the Chartered Accountant showing the dispersal of funds in said schemes along with the

"Six Monthly Compliance Report" positively.

#### Miscellaneous X.

The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven i. days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.

The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition ii. to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30

days from the date of receipt.

The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated iii. environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their

website and update the same on half-yearly basis.

The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal and soft copy of the same to SEIAA, Haryana.

The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under

الوحدادوالح

Prekath Guptan ASht (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the sember Secretary Selfe company. Rayi Praigash Gupta, IAS The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well us the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned of authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.

The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State vii.

Pollution Control Board and the State Government.

The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations viii. made in the form-IA, Conceptual Plan and also that during their presentation to the

Expert Appraisal Committee.

No further expansion or modifications in the plan shall be carried out without prior ix. approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)/SEIAA, Haryana. The project proponent shall seek fresh environmental clearance under EIA notification 2006 if at any stage there is change of area of this project.

Any change in planning of the approved plan will leads to Environment Clearance X.

void-ab-initio and PP will have to seek fresh Environment Clearance

The PP should give unambiguous affidavit giving land promoters in accordance with xi. your ownership and possession of land legal the case referred for Environment Clearance to SEIAA.

Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in xii. revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.

The Ministry/SEIAA may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any xiii. of the above conditions is not satisfactory.

XIV.

The Ministry/SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated

conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water XVI. (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.

XVII. The Project Proponent shall ensure the commitments made in Form-1, Form-1A, EIA/EMP and other documents submitted to the SEIAA for the protection of environment and proposed environmental safeguards are complied with in letter and spirit. In case of contradiction between two or more documents on any point, the most environmentally friendly commitment on the point shall be taken as commitment by XVIII.

Under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, legal action shall be initiated against the Project Proponent if it was found that construction of the project has been started before obtaining prior Environmental Clearance. XIX.

Any appeal against the this Environmental Clearance shall lie with the National Green Tribunal, if preferred, within a period of 30 days as prescribed under Section 16 of the National Green Tribunal Act, 2010. XX.

The project proponent shall ensure the compliance of Forest Department, Haryana Notification no. S.O.121/PA2/1900/S.4/97 dated 28.11.1997.

The project proponent is responsible for compliance of all conditions in XXI. Environmental Clearance letter and project proponent cannot absolve himself /herself of the responsibility by shifting it to any contractor engaged by project proponent. Besides the developer/applicant, the responsibility to ensure the compliance of Environmental Safeguards/ conditions imposed in the Environmental Clearance letter shall also lie on the licensee/licensees in whose name/names the license/CLU has been granted by the Town & Country Planning Department, Haryana. XXII.

In view of the severe constrains in water supply augmentation in the region and sustainability of water resources, the developer will submit the NOC from CGWA specifying water extraction quantities and assurance from HUDA/ utility provider mber Secretary Selaction potable and non-potable. Assurance is required for both construction and operation stages separately. It shall be submitted to the SEIAA and RO, MOEF, Chandigarh before the start of construction.

exiii. Vertical fenestration shall not exceed 60% of total wall area.

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The Project Proponent shall keep the plinth level of the building blocks sufficiently xxiv. above the level of the approach road to the Project. Levels of the other areas in the Projects shall also be kept suitably so as to avoid flooding.

The project proponent shall construct a sedimentation basin in the lower level of the XXV. project site to trap pollutant and other wastes during rains.

The project proponent shall provide proper rasta of proper width and proper strength xxvi. for the project before the start of construction.

xxvii. The project proponent shall provide fire control room and fire officer for building above 30 meter as per National Building Code.

The project proponent shall maintain the distance between STP and water supply line. xxviii. XIX. The project proponent shall ensure that the stack height is 6 meter more than the highest tower.

For disinfection of the treated wastewater ultra-violet radiation or ozonization process XXX. should be used.

XXI. The project proponent shall strive to minimize water in irrigation of landscape by minimizing grass area, using native variety, xeriscaping and mulching, utilizing efficient irrigation system, scheduling irrigation only after checking evapotranspiration data.

XXXII. The Project Proponent shall use zero ozone depleting potential material in insulation, refrigeration, air-conditioning and adhesive. Project Proponent shall also provide Halon free fire suppression system.

JIIXXX Standards for discharge of environmental pollutants as enshrined in various schedules of rule 3 of Environment Protection Rule 1986 shall be strictly complied with.

All electric supply exceeding 100 amp, 3 phase shall maintain the power factor xxiv.

between 0.98 lag to 1 at the point of connection.

The project proponent shall ensure that the transformer is constructed with high quality grain oriented, low loss silicon steel and virgin electrolyte grade copper. The project XXXV. proponent shall obtain manufacturer's certificate also for that.

The project proponent shall ensure that exit velocity from the stack should be sufficiently high. Stack shall be designed in such a way that there is no stack down-XXXVI. wash under any meteorological conditions.

The validity of this environment clearance letter is valid up to 7 years from the date of issuance of EC letter. The environment clearance conditions applicable till life space xxxvii. project will continue to apply. The resident welfare association/Housing co-operative societies shall responsible to comply conditions laid down in EC. In case of violation the action would be taken as per the laid down law of land. Compliance report should be sent to this office till life of the project.

If project is not completed within the validity period then the project proponent shall xxxviii. submit the application for extension of validity within one month before the lapse of validity period of Environment Clearance i.e. 7 years.

The Project Proponent should intimate to the Authority as well as to the quarter xxxix. concerned in case of any change in the present communication address.

> Member Secretary, Old State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Haryana, Panchkula.

Endst. No. SEIAA (128)/HR/2021/ 613 - 619

Dated: 0 9

A copy of the above is forwarded to the following:

Director (IA Division), MoEF & CC, Gol, Indra Paryavaran Bhavan, Zor bagh Road-X. New Delhi-110003. Panchittle

Chairman, State Environment Impact Assessment Authority Harvana Bay's No. 55-58. prayatan bhawan, sector-2, panchkula

Chairman, Haryana State Pollution Control Board, C-11, Sector-6, Panchkula.

Director General, Environment & Climate Change Department, Haryana, SCO 1-3, Sector-17 D. Chandigarh-160017

Director General, Town & Country Planning Haryana, Plot No. 3, Sector - 18A, Madhya Marg, Chandigarh- 160018.

Regional Office, Ministry of Environment. Forests & Climate Change, Govt. of India, Bay's no. 24-25, Sector 31-A, Dakshin Marg, Chandigarh-160018.

Concerned File/ Office Copy

Member Secretary, O/C State Level Environment Impact Assessment Authority, Haryana, Panchkula