

Chartered Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF MODEL ECONOMIC TOWNSHIP LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Model Economic Township Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31" March, 2018, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

4 Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing, issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, as specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether

DTS & Associates

Chartered Accountants

due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2018 and its loss, including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the statement of changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Cash Flow Statement and statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with relevant rules issued thereunder.
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2018 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2018 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
 - (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March, 2018 on its financial position in its financial statements. Refer Note 29 to the financial Statements.
 - The Company has made provisions, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long - term contracts.
 - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.



 As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" here to, a statement on the matters specified in the paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.

For D T S & Associates Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.142412W)

Anuj Bhatia Partner

Membership No. 122179

Place: Mumbai, Date: 13th April, 2018



"ANNEXURE (A)" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under the heading "report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date on the financial statements of Model Economic Township Limited for the year ended 31st March 2018)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Subsection 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Model Economic Township Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2018 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartcred Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

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(1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2018, based on internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note.

For D T S & Associates Chartered Accountants

(Firm's Registration No. 142412W)

Anuj Bhatia

Partner

Membership No. 122179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th April, 2018



Chartered Accountants

"ANNEXURE B" TO INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Referred to in paragraph 2 under the heading "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date to the members of Model Economic Township Limited on the financial statements for the year ended on 31st March 2018)

(i) In respect of its fixed assets:

4

- (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
- (b) As explained to us, the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification as compared to the book records.
- (c) The Company does not hold any immovable properties as fixed assets in respect of which the title deeds is not in the name of the Company accordingly provisions of Clause (i) (c) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) The inventories of the Company consist of the land and projects under development /eonstruction. During the year the management has conducted physical verification of the inventories and no material discrepancies were noticed on physical verification.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loan secured or unsecured to companies, firms, or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Accordingly the provisions of Clause (iii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act in respect of investments made by it. The Company has not granted any loan, guarantees or security during the year under audit and hence provision of section 185 of the act are not applicable.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit. Accordingly the provisions of Clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) According to the information and explanations given to us, the maintenance of cost record under section 148(1) of the act are not applicable to the company for the year under audit.
- (vii) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the records of the Company examined by us:
 - (a) The Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues, including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, custom duty, excise duty, Value added tax, Goods and Service Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues with appropriate authorities as applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding, as at 31st March, 2018 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us there are no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, duty of custom, duty of excise and Value added tax which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.



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Chartered Accountants

- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not borrowed from financial institution, bank or government. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ix) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and no term loans were raised and accordingly provisions of Clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (x) Based upon the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration paid by the Company is in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions entered by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act as applicable and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements, as required by the applicable Indian accounting standards.
- (xiv) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us, during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xv) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company
- (xvi) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause (xvi) of paragraph 3 of the order are not applicable to the Company.

For D T S & Associates Chartered Accountants

(Firm/Registration No.142412W)

Anuj Bhatia

Partner

Membership No. 122179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th April, 2018

| BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST MARCH,2018 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------|--|------------------|
| | Notes | As at 31st March | As at 31st March |
| ASSETS | 17 | 2018 | 2017 |
| Non-Current Assets | | | |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 3 | 99 | 144 |
| Intangible assets | 3 | 1 | 1 |
| Financial Assets | | | |
| Other Financial Assets | 4 | 1 286 | 992 |
| Other Non Current Assets | 5 | 1 447 | 918 |
| Total Non -Current assets | | 2 833 | 2.055 |
| Current assets | - | 2.000 | 2.000 |
| Inventories | 6 | 6 67 890 | 6 53 205 |
| Financial Assets | | 0 00 000 | 0 55 245 |
| Trade Receivables | 7 | 3 | 11 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 8 | | |
| Other Financial Assets | - | 112 | 141 |
| | 9 | 19 | 18 |
| Current Tax Assets (Net) | 10 | 41 | 91 |
| Other Current Assets | 11 | 3 633 | 3 783 |
| Total Current assets | _ | 6 71 698 | 6 57 249 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | _ | 6 74 531 | 6 59 304 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | | |
| Equity | | | |
| Equity Share Capital | 12 | 9 700 | 9 700 |
| Other Equity | 13 | 4 13 466 | 4 14 191 |
| Total Equity | CONT. 52 | 4 23 166 | 4 23 891 |
| Liabilities | | ANTONIO CONTINUES | |
| Non-Current Liabilities | | | |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| Borrowings | 14 | 2 38 134 | 1 94 259 |
| Provisions | 15 | 1 797 | 1 351 |
| Deffered Tax Liability (Net) | 16 | 630 | 762 |
| Total Non-Current Liabilities | | 2 40 561 | 1 96 372 |
| Current Liabilities | - | 2 40 061 | 1 90 3/2 |
| Financial Liabilities | | | |
| | | 220 | |
| Trade payables | 17 | 449 | 258 |
| Other financial liabilities | 18 | | 33 179 |
| Provisions | 19 | 1 595 | 684 |
| Other Current Liabilities | 20 | 8 760 | 4 920 |
| Total Current Liabilities | - | 10 804 | 39 041 |
| Yotal Liabilities | _ | 2 51 365 | 2 35 413 |
| Total Equity and Liabilities | _ | 6 74 531 | 6 59 304 |
| | *** | A STATE OF THE PARTY OF T | - |

As per our Report of even date For DTS & Associates

Significant Accounting Policies

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

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Firm Regd No :142412W Charlered Accountants

Anuj Bhatia

Partner

Membership No: 122179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th April,2018

For and on behalf of the Board

Shrivallabh Goyal (Director)

-14sta

DIN- 00021471

1 to 43

Shanker Adawal (Director) DIN- 01039400

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Sudhir Jain (Chief Financial Officer)

Membership No : 084440

Dheeraj Kandhari (Company Secretary) Memberahip No ; A20934

Place: Gurugram Date: 13th April,2018



| | Notes | 2017 - 18 | 2016 - 17 |
|--|---------|-----------|-----------|
| Income | | | |
| Revenue from Operations | 21 | 17 483 | 4 113 |
| Other Income | 22 | 93 | 71 |
| Total Income | (233) | 17 576 | 4 184 |
| Expenses | | | |
| Changes in Inventories | 23 | (14 685) | (39 043) |
| Employee Benefits Expense | 24 | 1 192 | 1 084 |
| Finance Cost | 25 | 19 084 | 33 262 |
| Depreciation and Amortization Expense | 3 | 36 | 35 |
| Other Expenses | 26 | 12 809 | 9 622 |
| Total Expenses | 1000001 | 18 436 | 4 980 |
| Loss before tax | | (860) | (796) |
| Tax expense | | | |
| (1) Current Tax | | 5.40 | |
| (2) Deferred Tax | | (134) | (108) |
| of the first of the second sec | | (134) | (108) |
| Loss for the year | | (726) | (688) |
| Other Comprehensive Income | | | |
| (a) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| Income tax relating to items that will be reclassified to | | | |
| profit or loss | | | |
| (b) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss | | | |
| Remeasurement of the defined benefit plan | | 5 | (49) |
| Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to | | | (40) |
| profit or loss | | (2) | 15 |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the period | | (723) | (722) |
| Earning per equity share of face value of Rs 10 each | | | |
| (1) Basic | | (0.75) | (0.71) |
| (2) Diluted | | (0.75) | (0.71) |
| Significant Accounting Policies | | 1007 | 10.5.17 |
| See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements | 1 to 43 | | |

As per our Report of even date For DTS & Associates Firm Regd No :142412W

Chartered Accountants

Anuj Bhatia Partner

Membership No: 122179

Place: Mumbai Date : 13th April,2018 For and on behalf of the Board

Shrivallabh Goyal

Suntal

(Director)

DIN-00021471

Shanker Adawal

d(Director)

DIN-01039400

Sudhir Jain (Chief Financial Officer)

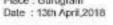
Membership No : 084440

Place: Gurugram

Dheeraj Kandhari

(Company Secretary)

Membership No : A20934





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

(Rain Lakh)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED AS ON 31ST MARCH ,2018

A. Equity Share Capital

| | As at 31st 2018 | | As at 31 201 | 20,000 |
|---|--------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| | Numbers | Amount | Numbers | Amount |
| Equity Shares at the Begning of the year | 970 | 9700 | 970 | 9700 |
| Add: Shares Issued during the year | | | | - |
| Equity Shares at the End of the year | 970 | 9 700 | 970 | 9 700 |
| | (0)(3)(2) | 9 700 | 970 | |

B. Other Equity

| | | Reserve an | d Surplus | | |
|--|--|-----------------|---------------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| | Instruments classified as equity | Capital Reserve | Retained Earning | Other Comprehensive Income | Total |
| Balance at the beginning of the year | 4 12 592 | 5 818 | (4 174) | (45) | 4 14 191 |
| Add: Merger Expenses during the year | - | | (2) | | (2) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the year | | | (726) | 3 | (723) |
| Balance at the end of the year | 4 12 592 | 5 818 | (4 902) | (42) | 4 13 466 |

As per our Report of even date For DTS & Associates

Firm Regd No :142412W Charlered Accountants

Anuj Bhatia

Partner

Membership No: 122179

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th April,2018

For and on behalf of the Board

Shrivallabh Goyal

(Director)

DIN-00021471

Shapker Adawal

(Director)

DIN-01039400

(Chief Financial Officer)

Membership No: 084440

Dheeraj Kandhari

(Company Secretary)

Membership No: A20934

Place: Gurugram

Date : 13th April,2018



| | · - | 2 | 017-18 | | 2 | 016-17 |
|----|--|--------------|----------------|-----------|----------------------|--------------------------|
| A: | CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| | Net Loss before Tax as per Profit and Loss Statement | | (860) |) | | (796) |
| | Adjusted for: | 60,000 | | | | |
| | Depreciation and Ameritagion Provision for Estimated Cost Over Revenue | 36 | | | 36 | |
| | Loss/(Profit) on Sale/ Discarding of Property, Plant & | 887 | | | (6 | 0.2 |
| | Equipment (Net) | 13 | | | | F() |
| | Interest Income | (75) | | | (64 | |
| | Interest on Unsecured Loan | 18 974 | 19 835 | 9 99 | 33 179 | 33 145 |
| | Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes Adjusted for: | | 18 975 | | | 32 349 |
| | Non Current Assets & Liabilities | | | | | |
| | Other Current Financial Assets | 10 | | | | |
| | Provisions-Non current Other Non Current Financial Assets | 446 | 4 *** | ž. | (294 | |
| | OF REST NOT CONTROL F HANDAI ASSES | (529) | (73) | F 19 | (185 | (468) |
| | Current Assets & Liabilities Trade Payables | | | | 823 | |
| | Other Current Liabilities | 191 3 456 | | | 88 483 | |
| | Current Provisions | 25 | | | 238 | |
| | Invantories | (14 685) | | | (39 043 | |
| | Trade Receivables | В | | | (8 | |
| | Other Current Assets | 156 | (10 849) | F G | [847 | (39 091) |
| | Cash Generated From/ (Used in) from Operations | | 8 053 | | | (7210) |
| | Tax Paid (Net of Refund of TDS) | | (50) | | | (25) |
| | | | (50) | L. | | (25) |
| | Not Cash Flow From / (Used In) Operating Activities (A) | | 8 103 | | | (7 185) |
| B: | CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| | Payment for Property, Plant & Equipment | | (11) | Ē | | (43) |
| | Proceeds from disposal of Property, Plant & Equipment investment | | 9 | | | 5 |
| | Disposal of Investment in Subsidiaries | | (9) | 8 | | |
| | Profit on Merger of Subsidiaries | | (2) | ē. | | (13) |
| | Bank Deposit with more than 12 months maturity | | (304) | | | (155) |
| | Interest Income | | 74 | | | 64 |
| | Net Cash Flow (Used in) Investing Activities (B) | | (235) | | | [141) |
| C: | CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | |
| | Proceeds from Borrowings-Non Current | | 62 925 | | | 77 645 |
| | Repayment of Borrowings-Non Current | | (19 050) | | | (4 16 520) |
| | Issue of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures Interest on Unsecured Loan | | | | | 4 12 592 |
| | Net Cash Flow From/ (Used in) Financing Activities (C) | 3 | (51 772) | | | (66 296) 7 421 |
| | Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+I | B+C) | (29) | 9 | | 95 |
| | Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents | 2.25% | 141 | | | 46 |
| | Closing Balnor of Cash and Cash Equivalents | | 112 | | | 141 |
| | Changes in Liability arising from financing activities | | | | | (Re in Lakhi) |
| | | | | | Foreign | |
| | | | 1st April,2017 | Cash Flow | exchange movement | As as 31st March,2018 |
| | Borrowing- Non Current (Refer note 14) Borrowing- Current | | 1 94 259 | 43 876 | | 2 38 134 |
| | 081 | | 1 94 259 | 43 875 | | 2 38 134 |

(1) The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "indirect method" as set out in Ind As-7-Cash Flow Statement

(2) Figures in the brackets indicate outflow

As per our Report of even date For DTS & Associates Firm Regd No :142412W

Chartered Accountants

Anuj Bhatia Partner

Membership No: 122179

Place : Mumbal Date : 13th April,2018



For and on behalf of the Board

Shrivallabh Goyal (Director) DIN-00021471

Soyal Shanker Adawal (Director) 71 DIN- 01039400

Sudhir Jain

Sudhir Jain Dheeraj Kandhari (Chief Financial Officer) (Company Secretary) Membership No : 084440 Membership No : A20934

Place : Gurugram Date : 13th April,2018



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

 Model Economic Township Limited is public limited company having its registered office at Plot no. 77 B, third floor, IFFCO Road, Sector 18, Gurugram-122015, Haryana. The Company was jointly promoted by Reliance Ventures Limited (a subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited) and Haryana State Industrial & Infrastructure Development Corporation Limited (HSIIDC) in terms of the Joint Venture Agreement dated 19th June 2006 to develop and operate Special Economic Zones ('SEZ') in Haryana.

Subsequebt to the above, Government of Haryana approved the expanded scope of the project to include Model Economic Township (IMT framework) project with a combination of Special Economic Zone (SEZ), Domestic Tariff Areas (DTA), Logistics Hub, Social Infrastructure etc. in addinition to the SEZ. The Joint Venture Agreement has been terminated in August, 2014. Presently, the Company is carrying out development activities on its industrial colonies, for which licenses were obtained and has continued to consolidate the purchased land as well as to coordinate and obtain various government approvals etc.

 The Company is unlisted entity and intermediate wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Venture Limited and ultimate subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited and accordingly in view of Rule 2 of Companies (Accounts) Amendment Rules 2016 notified on 27th July, 2016, the provision related to preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiary are not applicable to the Company and hence not prepared.

B. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

B.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount:

- Defined benefit plans plan assets,
- ii) Annuity payment for furure period to land sellers,
- iii) Lease rentals receivable from customers on long term lease

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is its functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest Lakh (Rs.00,000) except when otherwise indicated.

B.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for its intended use net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre - operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work - in - Progress.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided using straight line method. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposable proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

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(b) Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the leasee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Company as a Lessor

For the assets given under finance lease, the lease premium received initially is recognised as income of the Company at the inception of the lease. Annual lease rentals receivable in future are recognised at their present value. The corresponding amount due from the lessee is included in the balance sheet as lease rents receivable.

Lease rents received by the Company are apportioned between finance income and reduction of the lease receivables so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the lease. Finance income is recognised immediately in Statement of profit and loss. Contingent rentals are recognised as income in the periods in which they are received.

(c) Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the assets's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity abnd the cost can be measured reliably.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

A summary of the policies applied to the Company's intangible assets is, as follows:

| Particular | Depreciation |
|-------------------|---|
| Computer Software | Over a period of 5 years |
| Others | Over the period of agreement of right to use. |

(d) Finance Cost

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

(e) Inventories

inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Inventory comprises of cost of Industrial Township and other Projects under development (Work-in-progress). Cost of Inventory consists of cost of land, annuity cost, land development expenses, material, services, construction cost, interest and finance charges and other expenses related to development of projects. In case inventory is purchased on deferred payment basis, difference between the purchase price for normal credit terms and the amount paid on deferred payment terms is recognized as interest expense during the credit period.

(f) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets or group of assets, called cash generating units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The Recoverable amount is the higher of asset's fair value less costs to disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows discounted to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the assets.

Gurgaon



The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

(g) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(h) Employee Benefits

Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

Post-Employment Benefits

Defined Contribution Plans

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions to a separate entity. The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund and Pension Scheme. The Company's contribution is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Defined Benefit Plans

The Company pays gratuity to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/superannuation. The gratuity is paid at 15 days salary for every completed year of service as per the payment of Gatuity Act 1972.

The gratuity liability amount is contributed to the approved gratuity fund formed exclusively for gratuity payment to the employees. The gratuity fund has been approved by the tax authorities.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefits plans in respect of post-employment and other long term benefits are charged to Other Comprehensive Income.

(i) Tax Expenses

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted at the Balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(j) Revenue recognition

Revenue from operations is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated cost can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing effective control or managerial involvement with the goods and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from or rendering of services is recognised when the performance of agreed contractual task has been completed.



The agreement to sale or long term lease of land, including development and provision of infrastructure facilities/services, where substantial risk & rewards are conveyed to buyer/lessee, is considered as sale of land. Revenue from such sale of land is recognized on execution of sale/lease deeds, by which substantial risks and rewards are conveyed to Buyers/Lessee.

Revenue in respect of projects under development/construction is recognized on the "Percentage of Completion method" of accounting which is the percentage of the actual cost incurred, including the cost of land and its development, to the total estimated cost of the project subject to such actual cost being 25% or more of the total estimated cost. The estimated cost of the project is based on company's estimate of the cost expected to be incurred till the final completion of the project and includes cost of land, annuity costs, construction and development expenses, materials, services, interest and finance charges and other expenses related to development of projects. The estimates of the costs are revised periodically by the Company and effect of such changes in estimates is recognized in the period in which such changes are determined. Any projected losses on agreements executed are recognized in full when identified. Recognition of revenue relating to agreements entered into with the buyers, which are subject to fulfillment of obligations/conditions imposed by the statutory authorities, is postponed till such obligations are discharged. When sale price is realized on deferred payment basis, the difference between fair value of sale price receivable as per normal credit terms and sale price receivable over deferred payment terms will be accounted as interest income over the credit period.

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised using effective interest rate method.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established.

C. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

a) Depreciation/amortization and useful lives of property plant and equipment/ Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment/intangible assets are depreciated/amortized over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account their estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation/amortization for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

b) Recoverability of trade receivable

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of nonpayment.

c) Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

d) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.



In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transaction are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

e) Impairment of financial assets

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

D. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

On March 28, 2018 The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Ind AS 115 –Revenue from Contract with Customers and Certain amendment to existing Ind AS. These amendments shall be applicable to the Company from April 01, 2018

a) Issue of Ind AS 115- Revenue From Contracts with Customers

Ind AS 115 will supersede the current revenue recognition guidance including Ind AS 18 Revenue, Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts and related interpretations. Ind AS 115 provides a single model of accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers based on identification and satisfaction of Performance obligations.

b) Amendments to Existing issued Ind AS

The MCA has also carried out amendments of the following accounting standards;

- I. Ind AS 21- The effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates
- ii. Ind AS 40 -Investment Property
- iii. Ind AS 12- Income Taxes
- lv. Ind AS 28- Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures and
- v. Ind AS 112- Disclosure of Interest in other Entities

Application of above standards are not expected to have any significant impact on Company's Financial Statements





MODEL ECONOMIC TOWNSHIP LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

3. Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

| | | Gross | Gross Block | | | Depr | Depreciation | | Net | Net Block |
|---|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| Description | Asat | Additions | Deductions /Adjustments | As at | Upto | For the Year | Deductions /Adjustments | Upto | Asat | As at |
| | 1st April 2017 | 2017 | 2017-2018 | 31st March 2018 | 1st April 2017 | 2017 | 2017-2018 | 31st March 2018 | 31st March 2018 | 31st March 2017 |
| Tangible Assets (Owned) | 64 | | | 49 | 22 | 10 | | F | 60 | 28 |
| Plant and Equipment | - | | | - | | • | | | 0 | 0 |
| Office Equipments | 221 | 10 | 15 | 216 | 180 | 4 | 12 | 179 | 37 | 4 |
| Furniture & Fleture | 33 | | • | | 30 | • | • | 31 | 20 | 0 |
| Vehicles | 84 | • | 42 | 42 | 38 | 1 | 22 | 20 | 22 | 69 |
| Others (Electrical Installation) | 47 | | | 47 | 24 | * | | 28 | 19 | 23 |
| Total (A) | 435 | 11 | 25 | 389 | 281 | 36 | 37 | 280 | 66 | 144 |
| Intangible Assets Computer Software* | 18 | • | • | 16 | 10 | 0 | • | \$2 | | - |
| Total (B) | 16 | | • | 16 | 15 | 0 | | 40 | 1 | 1 |
| Total (A+B) | 451 | 11 | 57 | 405 | 306 | 36 | 37 | 308 | 100 | 145 |
| Previous Year | 424 | 43 | 18 | 451 | 281 | 35 | 10 | 306 | 145 | |

^{*} Other than internally generated





(Rs in Lakh)

| 10 (a) | As at 31st March 2018 | As at 31 March 2017 |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 4. Other Financial Assets-Non Current | | |
| Lease Rent Receivable in Future (Refer note 37) | . 77 | 87 |
| Bank Deposits with more than 12 months maturity | 1 209 | 905 |
| 5.0 | 1 286 | 992 |
| 5. Other Non Current Assets Security Deposits | 32 | 34 |
| Amount Recoverable from Prospective Customers | 292 | 294 |
| Prepaid Expenses | 21 | 19 |
| Balance with GST Authorities | 782 | |
| Claim Receivable | (2)2,000 | 571 |
| | 320 | |
| Total | 1 447 | 918 |





| | * | As at 31st March | As at 31 March |
|--------------------|----|------------------|----------------|
| | | 2018 | 2017 |
| 6. Inventories | | | |
| Work- in- Progress | | 6 67 890 | 6 53 205 |
| Tot | al | 6 67 890 | 6 53 205 |

6.1. During the year, the Company has taken steps to consolidate the purchased land, undertaken land development activities in its licensed industrial colonies, coordinated and obtained various government approvals etc. The developed land will be provided to the end users for various purposes, such as industrial, residential, commercial etc. Presently, the intention of the Company is to either sell the developed land or convey the land on long term lease with upfront lease premium which would qualify to be finance lease as per the requirements of Indian Accounting Standard - 17 " Leases". Accordingly the Company has been classifying the entire land as Inventory and also interest on borrowings of Rs. 18 974 Lakh incurred during the year (Previous Year Rs 33 216 Lakh) have been considered as part of Inventory.

6.2 Inventory includes land valuing Rs 359 Lakh (Previous Year Rs 110 Lakh) representing 5.24 acres (Previous Year 2 acres) vested with the company pursuant to scheme of amalgamtion approved by Central Government (Previous year by High Court of Punjab & Haryana) which is in the name of erstwhile Companies and yet to be transferred in the name of Company in revenue records of the Government of Haryana.

7. Trade Receivables (Unsecured, considered good) Trade Receivables 11 Total 11 8. Cash & Cash Equivalents Cash in Hand 67 68 Balances with Banks -in Current Accounts 24 73 91 141 Other Bank Balance Balance in current account for legal compliance (Rs 20 92 036 Previous Year Rs 11 363) 21 0 (Refer note 8.1) 112

8.1 In terms of the Real Estate (Regulation and development) Act 2016 and Haryana Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Rule 2017, the Compnay is required to deposit seventy percent of amount collected from allottes in a separate bank account which shall be utilised for meeting the land and construction cost of project. This account is the separate account an envisaged in above provision of the Act & Rule.

| of the Act & Rule. | | |
|--|----------|----------|
| 9. Other Financial Assets-Current | | |
| Interest Accrued on Fixed Deposits | 9 | 7 |
| Lease Rent Receivable in Future (Refer note 37) | 10 | 11 |
| Total | 19 | 18 |
| 10. Current tax Assets (Net) Tax Deducted at Source | 41 | 91 |
| AESO - | 41 | 91 |
| 11. Other Current Assets Balance with GST Authorities Prepaid Expenses | 19 22 | 11 28 |
| Others Advances | 3 592 | 3 744 |
| Total | 3 633 | 3 783 |



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

| 12. | 51 | hare Capital |
|-----|----|---------------------|
| | - | room to to contract |

| As at 31st March | As at 31 March |
|------------------|-------------------------|
| 2018 | 2017 |
| 50 000 | 50 000 |
| | DOM: NO |
| | |
| 9 700 | 9 700 |
| | |
| 9 700 | 9 700 |
| | 2018 50 808 9 708 |

12.1. Reconciliation of numbers of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the period

| | As at 31st Ma 2018 | arch | As at 31 201 | |
|---|-----------------------|--------|-----------------|--------|
| | Numbers | Amount | Numbers | Amount |
| Shares cutstanding at the beginning of the year | 970 | 9 700 | 970 | 9 700 |
| Add: Shares lesued on right basis during the year | | | | |
| Shares outstanding at the end of the year | 970 | 9 700 | 970 | 9 700 |

b. Details of Shoreholding more than 5% in the Company

| | As at 31st 7 2018 | March | 0.000000 | 31 March 017 |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|
| | Number of Shares | % holding in the class | Number of Shares | % holding in the cleas |
| Holding Company-Reliance Ventures Limited & its Nominees | 970 | 100% | 970 | 100% |
| (Equity Shares of Rs 10 each fully paid) Total | 970 | 100% | 970 | 100% |

c. Terms/right attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity wherea having a face value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity statues will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the stateholders.





(Rs in Lakh)

5 831

45)

4 14 191

| | As at 31st March 2018 | As at 31 March 2017 |
|---|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 13. Other Equity | | |
| Instrument classified as equity | | |
| (a)Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible | | |
| Debentures | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet (Refer note 13.1) | 4 12 592 | ¥3 |
| Add: Addition during the year | | 4 12 592 |
| Total | 4 12 592 | 4 12 592 |

13.1. The Company had issued 412 59 20 000 number of Zero Coupon Optionally fully convertible unsecured Debentures having face value of Rs 10/- each to Reliance World Trade Private Limited. Total tenure is 15 years from date of allotment and Company will settle the outstanding debentures on expiry of 15 years. The Company has the option for early conversion at any time by giving one month notice. The conversion of debenture will be based on the face value as at 31st March, 2016. The equity shares arising out of conversion of debenture will rank pari passu in all respects with the then outstanding shares of the Company on the date of such conversion except for dividend if declared , shall be paid on pro rate basis from the date of allotment of such equity shares. The debentures are not marketable and will not be listed on any stock exchange in India and abroad.

| Reserves & Surplus | |
|------------------------------------|-------|
| Captial Reserve (Pursuant to Schen | ne of |
| Arrangements) | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | |
| Add: Accretion during the year | |
| Closing Balance | |

| Add: Accretion during the year | | (13) |
|---|----------|----------|
| Closing Balance | 5 818 | 5 818 |
| | | |
| Retained Earning | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | (4 174) | (3 486) |
| Add: Amount pursuant to scheme of arrangements (Refer note 35) | (2) | * |
| Add: Net Profit/(Loss) for the Year | (726) | (688) |
| Total | (4 902) | (4 174) |
| Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) | | |
| As per last Balance Sheet | (45) | (11) |
| Add: Movement in OCI (net) during the year | 3 | (34) |

5 818

42)

4 13 466



Total



(Rs in Lakh)

| | As at 31st March | As at 31 March |
|--|-----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 14. Borrowings -Non current | 2018 | 2017 |
| Unsecured Loans | | |
| Loans from Related Parties | | |
| From Fellow Subsidiary (Refer note 14.1) | 2 38 134 | 1 94 259 |
| Total | 2 38 134 | 1 94 259 |
| 3.40% | 2 30 134 | 104200 |
| 14.1 Loans outstanding as on 31st March,2018 are n 8.5% p.a | epayable on 31st March,2021 | and carrying interest & |
| 15. Provisions- Non Current | | Continue |
| Annuity (Refer note 36) | 1 797 | 1 351 |
| Total | 1 797 | 1 351 |
| 16. Deffered Tax Liabilty (Net) | | |
| At the start of the year | 762 | 885 |
| Charge/(credit) to profit or loss (Refer note 41) | (132) | (123) |
| At the end of the year | 630 | 762 |
| *1 | | |
| 7. Trade Payables | | |
| Trade Payables (Refer note 17.1) | 449 | 257 |
| Payable to Related Party | 449 | 258 |
| | | |
| 7.1 Trade Payable | | |
| The details of amounts outstanding to Micro, Small a information with the Company are as under: | nd Medium Enterprises based | on available |
| | | |
| Principal amount due and remaining unpaid | | 5000 |
| interest due on above and the unpaid interest | | |
| PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF TH | | |



Payment made beyond the appointed day during the

Amount of further interest remaining due and payable

Interest due and payable for the period of delay

Interest accrued and remaining unpaid

Interest paid

in succeeding years



| | As at 31st March 2018 | As at 31 March 2017 |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------|
| 18. Other Financial Liabilities- Current | | |
| Interest Accrued but not Due on Loans | - | 33 179 |
| | - | 33 179 |
| 19.Provisions- Current | | |
| (a) Provision for Employee Benefits | | |
| Provision For Leave Encashment | 64 | 43 |
| Provision for Superannuation | 11 | 11 |
| Provision for Gratuity | 1 | - |
| (b) Others | | |
| Provision for Estimated Cost Over Revenue (Refer | | |
| note 19.1) | 1 013 | 126 |
| Annuity (Refer note 36) | 506 | 504 |
| Total | 1 595 | 684 |

19.1 The Company has recognized estimated loss based on substantial degree of estimation for estimated cost over revenue from Industrial Township Project. Actual outflow is expected in the subsequent financial years.

20. Other Current Liabilities

| Total | 8 760 | 4 920 |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Other Liabilities* | 434 | 85 |
| Annuity (Refer note 36) | 2 162 | 1 820 |
| Advance received from Customers | 6 164 | 3 015 |
| | | |

^{*} Includes statutory dues and emloyees benefits





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

| | | 110000 | 1,000,000,000,000 | |
|--|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------|
| | 2017 - 18 | | 2016 - 17 | |
| 21. Revenue From Operations Sale of Land Lease Premium (Refer Note 21.1) Compensation for Compulsorily Acquisition of Land | | 18 383 (1 709) | | 2 990 51 |
| (Refer Note 33) | | 685 | | 1 004 |
| Finance Income against Lease Rental | | 5 | | 3 |
| Other Operating Income | | | | |
| Common Service Charges | 140 | | 75 | |
| Less:Service Tax/GST Recovered | 21 | 119 | 10 | 65 |
| Total | | 17 483 | | 4 113 |
| | | | | |

21.1 During the year, the Company has received approval of the service plan which includes complete details with specifications of various internal development works to be carried out by the Company in its licensed colonies along with corresponding cost for each of the activity. These cost estimates are considered for computing the estimated cost to work out the percentage of completion for recognizing the cost and revenue by the Company during the year. Since the estimated cost of various internal development works has increased during the year, it has resulted in reduction in percentage of completion compared to that of the previous year. This has caused the reversal of the revenue recognized till the previous year.

22. Other Income

| 22. Other income | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|
| Interest Income on Fixed Deposit with scheduled bank | 75 | 64 |
| Interest Received (Income Tax Refund) | 11 | |
| Interest Received Others | 200 | 6 |
| Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment: Rs 7 876 (| | ** |
| Previous Year Rs 61 212) | 0 | 0 |
| Dividend Received from Subsidiary Company (Refer note | | 50 |
| 28.1) | 7 | *** |
| Miscellaneous Income (Rs 25 720 Previous Year Rs 1 | 50 | |
| 21 382) | 0 | 1 |
| Total | 93 | |
| 23. Changes in Inventories | | |
| Projects under Development (Work-in-Progress at | | |
| commencement) | 6 53 205 | 6 14 162 |
| Projects under Development (Work-in-Progress at close) | 6 67 890 | 6 53 205 |
| Total Change in Inventories | (14 685) | (39 043) |
| 24. Employee Benefits Expense | | |
| Salaries and wages | 1 060 | 959 |
| Contribution to Provident and other Fund | 65 | 64 |
| Staff wolfare expenses | 67 | 61 |
| Total | 1 192 | 1 084 |
| 1000 | 1102 | 1 084 |
| 25. Finance Cost | | |
| Interest on Unsecured Loan | 18 974 | 33 216 |
| Guarantee Commission | 51 | 26 |
| Finance Charges-Discounting Difference | 59 | 40 |
| Total | 19 084 | 33 282 |
| | | |





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

| 201 | 17 - 18 | 2016 - 17 |
|--|---------|-----------|
| 26. Other Expenses | **** | |
| Land Cost | 4 719 | 5 454 |
| Land Development Cost | 2 918 | 901 |
| Annulty Expenses (Refer note 36) | 2 377 | 1 639 |
| Salaries & Wages - Contractors | 372 | 344 |
| Rent | 169 | 143 |
| Rates & Taxes (Rs 31 802 Previous Year Rs 1 35 620) | 0 | 1 |
| Insurance | 32 | 18 |
| Telephone Expenses | 9 | 9 |
| Travelling & Local Conveyance | 179 | 157 |
| Power & Fuel | 57 | 55 |
| Repair & Maintenance | | |
| - Plant and Machinery | 10 | 5 |
| - Buildings | 29 | 20 |
| - Others | 9 | 29 |
| Professional & Consultancy Fees | 294 | 198 |
| Security Expenses | 256 | 201 |
| Social Programme Expenses | 143 | 51 |
| Payment to Auditors (Refer note 26.1) | 20 | 24 |
| Director Sitting Fees | 5 | 6 |
| Loss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipment | 13 | 1 |
| Investment Written off (Refer note 26.2) | 16 | |
| General Expenses | 295 | 371 |
| Provision/(Reversal) for Estimated Cost Over Revenue | 887 | (5) |
| Total | 12 809 | 9 622 |
| 26.1. Payment to Auditors (including Service Tax/Goods and Services Ta | x) | |
| Statutory Audit fees | 17 | 20 |
| Tax Audit Fees | 2274 | 4 |
| Certification Fees (Rs 2 60 000 Previous year Rs 40 250) | 3 | 0 |
| Out of packet expenses (Rs Nil Previuos Year Rs 21 206) | | 0 |
| Total | 20 | 24 |
| CATALLA CONTRACTOR CON | | Pri |

26.2. During the year, the Company made investments in equity shares of Resolute Land Project Consortium Limited, Tangerine Agro Private Limited and Santol Commercials Private Limited and as a result, these companies became wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company on 19th July, 2017. Subsequent to it, these Companies filed application under section 248 (2) of the Companies Act 2013 for removal of their names from register of companies as a result of which they have been de-activated in records of registrar of companies. Considering the above and also that these companies have no asset, the Company has written off the investment in these companies aggregating to Rs. 16 Laich

27. Earning per share (EPS)

| Net Profit / (Loss) after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss (Rs.) | (726) | (688) |
|--|--------|--------|
| Weighted Average number of equity shares used as | (,20) | 1 000) |
| denominator for calculating EPS | 970 | 970 |
| Basic Earning per share (Rs.) | (0.75) | (0.71) |
| Diluted Earning per share (Rs.)* | (0.75) | (0.71) |
| Face Value per equity shere (Rs.) | 10 | 10 |

*The effects of ZOFCD on the earning per share are anti-dilutive and hence, the same is not considered for the purpose of calculation of dilutive earning per share.





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 315T MARCH 2018

28.1 As per Indian Accounting Standard 24- "Related Party Disclosures", the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below;

i) List of Related Parties and Relationships:

| Sr. No | Name of the Related Party | Relationship | |
|--------|--|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | Reliance Ventures Limited (RVL) | Holding Company | |
| 2 | Reliance Industries Limited | Holding Company of RVL | |
| 3 | Resolute Land Consortium Projects Limited | Subsidiary Companies with effect from | |
| 4 | Santol Commercials Private Limited | 19th July, 2017 | |
| 5 | Tangerine Agro Private Limited | | |
| 6 | Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited | Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company | |
| 7 | Reliance Retail Limited | Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Compan | |
| 8 | Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited | Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company | |
| 9 | Reliance World Trade Private limited | Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company | |
| 10 | Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited | Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company | |
| 11 | Reliance Eminent Trading and Commercial Private Limited | Fellow Subsidiary of Holding Company | |
| 12 | Shri Shrivallabh Goyal, Whole Time Director | Key Managerial Personnel | |
| 13 | Shri Sudhir Jain , Chief Financial Officer | | |
| 14 | Shri Dheeraj Kandhari, Company Secretary | | |

ii) Transactions and closing balance during the year with the Related Parties:

(Rs in Lakh)

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| (Rs in La | | | | | |
|-----------|--|------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| S. N. | Nature of Transaction | Holding Company of RVL | Subsidiary Company | Fellow Subsidiaries of Holding Company | Key Managerial Personnel |
| (A) | Transactions during the year | | 2 | | |
| 1. | Unsecured Loans Received | - | | 62 925 77 645 | |
| 2. | Unsecured Loans Repaid | | | 19 050 4 16 520 | |
| 3. | Interest on unsecured loan | : | | 18 974 33 216 | |
| 4. | Lease Rent Received | 5 5 | | - | |
| 5. | Payment to Key Managerial Personnel | | - : | - | 266 272 |
| 6. | Issue of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures | | - : | 4 12 592 | 212 |
| 7. | Corporate Guarantee utilized for issue of bank guarantee of the Company (net) | 18 274 6 | : | * 12.002 | |
| 8. | Fixed Assets Purchased/(Sale)(Net) | - | - : | 4 | 1 |
| 9. | Other Expenses | | - | 77 67 | |
| 10. | Purchase of investments | - | 16 | - | |
| 11. | Dividend received | : | 7 | | |
| 12. | Sale of land | - : | : | 16 309 | 8 |
| 13. | Investment written off | | 16 | - 3 | |
| (B) | Balance as at 31st March 2018 | | | | |
| 1. | Unsecured Loans | | | 2 38 134 1 94 259 | 72 |
| 2. | Interest accrued but not due | - 1 | | 33 179 | |
| 3. | Zero Coupon optionally Fully Convertible Debentures | | - | 4 12 592 4 12 592 | |
| 4. | Corporate Guarantee received | 22 059 3 785 | | | |
| 5. | Advance / Payable | - | - | (1) | 1 |

Note: Figures in italics represent that of previous year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

| S.no | Particulars | Relationship | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
|------|--|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| 1. | Unsecured Loans Received Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | 62 925 | 77 645 |
| 2. | Unsecured Loans Repaid Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | 19 050 | 4 16 520 |
| 3. | Interest on unsecured loan Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | 18974 | 33216 |
| 4 | Lease Rent Received Reliance Industries Limited | Holding Company of RVL | 5 | 5 |
| 5. | Payment to Key Managerial Personnel Shri Shrivallabh Goyal Shri Sudhir Jain Shri Dheeraj Kandhari | KMP | 159 87 20 | 159 93 20 |
| 6. | Issue of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures Reliance World Trade Private limited | Fellow Subsidiary | | 4 12 590 |
| 7. | Corporate Guarantee utilized for issue of bank guarantee of the Company (net) Reliance Industries Limited | Holding Company of RVL | 18 274 | 6 |
| 8. | Fixed Assets Purchased Reliance Retail Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | 4 | 1 |
| 9 | Other Expenses Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited (Rs 4601 Previous Year Nil) Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited Reliance Retail Limited | Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary | 0 1 76 | - 67 |
| 10 | Purchase of investments Resolute Land Consortium Projects Limited Santol Commercials Private Limited Tangerine Agro Private Limited | Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary | 5 6 5 | 1 |
| 11. | Dividend Received Santol Commercials Private Limited Tangerine Agro Private Limited | Subsidiary Subsidiary | 4 3 | |
| 12 | Sale of Land Reliance Eminent Trading and Commercial Private Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | 16 309 | |
| 13, | Investment Written off Resolute Land Consortium Projects Limited | Subsidiary | 5 | |
| 155 | Santol Commercials Private Limited Tangerine Agro Private Limited | Subsidiary Subsidiary | 6 5 | - |

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 315T MARCH 2018

Balance at the end of the year includes:

| | | anno contract to the contract | | (Rs.In Lakh) |
|------|--|---|----------|--------------|
| S.No | Particulars | Relationship | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
| 1 | Unsecured Loan Received Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | 2 38 134 | 1 94 259 |
| 2 | Interest accrued but not due on unsecured Loan Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | * | 33 179 |
| 3 | Issue of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures Reliance World Trade Private limited | Fellow Subsidiary | 4 12 592 | 4 12 592 |
| 4 | Corporate Guarantee utilized for Issue of bank guarantee of the Company (net) Reliance Industries Limited | Holding Company of RVL | 22 059 | 3 785 |
| 5. | Advance /Payable for Services Reliance Retail Limited | Fellow Subsidiary | | (1) |

Note

The above transactions disclosed are entered during the period of existence of related party relationship. The balance and transactions are not disclosed after cessation of related party relationship.

28.2 Compensation of Key managerial personnel

The remuneration of director and other member of key management personnel during the year was as follows:

| | | A STREET, STREET | (Rs in Lakh) |
|------|--------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| S.N. | Particulars | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
| 1. | Short term benefits | 266 | 272 |
| 2. | Post-employment benefits | 11 | 72 |
| | Total | 277 | 344 |

29 Contingent Liability & Commitments

| and a south of south and a south of sou | 2017 - 18 | (Rs in Lakh) 2016-17 |
|--|-----------|-------------------------|
| Contingent Liabilities (i) Bank Guarantees | 22 059 | 3 785 |

(ii) In respect of private purchase of land by the Company, 1 revision second appeal is pending against the Company in Punjab and Haryana High Court and 38 civil suits (previous year 32 civil suits) of various nature are pending in district courts. Company is of the view that most of these cases are not tenable and no material liability will arise.

Commitments

Others

| a. | Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed as on 31st March, 2018 (net of advances) and not provided for | 2 509 | 1 141 |
|----|--|-------|-------|
| b. | MoUs executed with Land Sellers (net of advances) | 373 | 364 |
| C. | Estimated cost to be incurred in connection with development of Industrial colonies under license issued by Directorate of Town & Country Planning, Government of Haryana not included in (a) above | 6827 | 2 574 |
| d. | Rent of offices for unexpired period of rent agreement. | 1 025 | 1 196 |



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

30 Capital Management

The Company adheres to robust capital Management framework. It proactively reviews its debt structure and tries to optimize the impact of finance cost by adopting suitable debt mix.

(Rs in Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2018 | As at 31st March, 2017 |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|
| Gross Debt | 2 38 134 | 1 94 259 |
| Cash and Marketable Securities | 112 | 141 |
| Net Debt (A) | 2 38 022 | 1 94 118 |
| Total Equity (As per Balance Sheet) (B) | 4 23 166 | 4 23 891 |
| Net Gearing (A/B) | 0.56 | 0.46 |

31 Financial Instruments

Fair value measurement hierarchy

(Rs In Lakh)

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2018 | | As at 31st March, 2017 | |
|-----------------------------|---|-------------------------|--|-------------------------|
| | Carrying amount | Level of inputs used | Carrying amount | Level of Inputs used |
| Financial Assets | 100000000000000000000000000000000000000 | Manage Colonia | - Taranta - Tara | 1217.5000 |
| At amortized cost | | | | |
| Trade Receivable | 3 | | 11 | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalent | 112 | * | 141 | |
| Other Financial Asset | 1 305 | | 1 010 | |
| At FVTPL | | - | | |
| At FVTOCI | | - 2 | | - |
| Financial Liability | | | | |
| At amortized cost | | | | |
| Trade Payable | 449 | - | 258 | |
| Other Financials Liability | 4 | | 33 179 | |
| At FVTPL | 20 | - | | |
| At FVTOCI | | | | |

Interest rate risk

The exposure of the Company's borrowings to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting period is as follows:

/De in tokh

| Particulars | As at 31st March, 2018 | As at 31st March, 2017 |
|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| Borrowing-Non Current | 2 38 134 | 1 94 259 |

Impact on interest expenses for the year on 1% change in interest rate

| Interest rate sensitivity | As at 31st March, 2018 | | As at 31st March, 2017 | |
|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------|------------------------|-----------|
| | Up Move | Down Move | Up Move | Down Move |
| Impact on equity | - | - | - | 1000 |
| Impact on Profit or Loss | - | - | - | |

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counter party to a financial instrument fails to perform or pay the amounts due causing financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises from company's activities in investments and outstanding receivables from customers.

The Company has prudent and conservative process for managing its credit risk arising in the course of its business activities. Sale of developed plots /un-developed plots is made on receipt of full amount of consideration. The Company has payment delay risk on recovery of lease rentals and common maintenance charges from customers setting up their units in licensed colonies of the Company.



Liquidity risk arises from the company's inability to meet its cash flow commitments on time. Since the Company is subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited, the cash flow deficits are funded by its holding Company.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

- 32 The Company's activities during the year revolved around development of land and Industrial Township Project (Referred to in Note no. 1) in India. Considering the nature of Company's business and operations, there is only one operating segment as per Indian Accounting Standard 108 "Operating Segments".
- 33 During the year the Government of Haryana (GoH) has acquired 2.038 acres (Previous Year 9.62 acres) land for the public purpose out of the private purchased land by the Company, Cost of this land amounting to Rs. 342 Lakh (Previous Year Rs. 809 Lakh) and compensation of Rs. 686 Lakh (Previous Year Rs.1 004 Lakh) received by the company from GoH on such compulsory acquisition of land have been recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
- 34 During the year, the Company made investments in Resolute Land Consortium Limited, Santol Commercials Private Limited and Tangerine Agro Private Limited, in their equity shares and as a result, these companies became wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company on 19th July, 2017. Subsequent to it, these companies have filed application under section 248 of the Companies Act 2013 for removing their names from register of companies.

35 Scheme of Arrangements

- 35.1 During the year, the Company made investments in Jalaja Commercials Private Limited and Aanant Commercial Private Limited in their equity shares and as a result, these companies became wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company on 19th July, 2017. Subsequent to it, the Company filed a Scheme of Amalgamation of the Company with Jalaja Commercials Private Limited and Aanant Commercial Private Limited (both are referred to as Transferor companies) to Central Government under section 233 of the Companies Act 2013. The scheme of amalgamation has been confirmed by Central Government (Powers delegated to Regional Director) vide order dated 28th March, 2018. The Company has filed the copies of the order with Registrar of Companies, National Capital Territory of Delhi and Haryana on 29th March, 2018 and as such the scheme has become effective.
- 35.2 With effect from the acquisition date, the assets, liabilities, reserves, rights and obligations of the erstwhile transferor companies have been transferred to and vested with the Company and have been recorded at their carrying amount as prescribed in Appendix C Indian Accounting Standard- 103 (Business Combinations). Being the wholly owned subsidiary companies, Company's investment in 10,000 equity shares in each of the two transferor companies aggregating to Rs. 2 Lakh has been cancelled against share capital of the amalgamating Companies and no shares have been issued in pursuance of scheme of amalgamation.
- 35.3 Details with regard to the scheme of arrangements, as required by Indian Accounting Standard- 103 (Business Combinations), are as under:
 - (i) Both the transferor companies namely Jalaja Commercials Private Limited and Aanant Commercial Private Limited, as per their respective charters, have been in business of developers, promoters, colonizers, civil engineers in all sale, purchase, renting of property and carry on the business of all type of construction and development including building, flats, land development etc.
 - (ii) The Company obtained control of both the transferor companies on 19th July, 2017.
 - (iii) Since both the transferor companies were wholly owned subsidiaries of the Company, 20,000 equity shares (10,000 shares in each of the transferor companies) held by the Company were cancelled.
 - (iv)The assets are transferred at carrying value of transferor companies and therefore there is no difference between consideration paid and value of net assets acquired.
 - (v) The book value of the identifiable assets and liabilities of the Merged as at the date of acquisition were:
 (Rs in Lakh)

| Particulars | Jalaja Commercials Private Limited | Aanant Commercial Private Limited |
|--|--|--------------------------------------|
| (A) Assets | t a constant to the constant of the constant o | |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | - | - |
| Inventories | 274 | 85 |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | 1 | 1 |
| Other Financial Assets | 4 | 4 |
| Sub-Total (A) | 279 | 90 |
| (B) Liabilities assumed | | |
| Provisions | | |
| Other Liabilities | 279 | 90 |
| Sub-Total (B) | 279 | 90 |
| Net Identifiable Assets at Fair Value (In Jalaja Rs 5 988/- and Annant Rs 27 698/-) | 0 | 0 |



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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

(vi) Calculation of Goodwill / Capital Reserve

(Rs in Lakh)

| 1750 177 | | Tree in second |
|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Particulars | Jalaja Commercials Private Limited | Aanant Commercial Private Limited |
| Consideration Transferred | - | - |
| Non-Controlling interest in the acquired entity | | - |
| Less: Net Identifiable Assets at Fair Value (In Jalaja Rs 5 988/- and Annant Rs 27 698/-) | 0 | 0 |
| Less: Equity Shares issued with premium against consideration | | |
| Goodwill / (Capital Reserve) {In Jalaja (Rs 5 988/-) and Annant (Rs 27 698/-)} | (0) | (0) |

(vii) Amounts recognized for each transaction from acquisition of assets and assumption of liabilities:

| (KS IN LAKN) | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Particulars | Jalaja Commercials Private Limited | Aanant Commercial Private Limited |
| Sale of investment | 4 | 4 |
| Expenditure (In Jalaja Rs 10,010/- and Annant Rs 11,497/-) | 0 | 0 |
| Land advance taken/ (repaid) | (5) | (5) |
| TDS Payable | | |
| Payment to creditors (In Jalaja Rs 8,050/- and Annant Rs 8,050/-) | 0 | 0 |
| Accretion/(decretion) in bank balance | (0) | (0) |

(viii) Amount of revenue and profit or loss of acquiree since acquisition date

(Rs In Lakh)

| (No III Lai | | pro m comp |
|--|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Particulars | Jalaja Commercials Private Limited | Aanant Commercial Private Limited |
| Revenue (In Jalaja Rs 690/- and Annant Rs Nil) | 0 | |
| Expenditure (In Jalaja Rs 10,700/- and Annant Rs 11,497/-) | 0 | 0 |
| Profit/(Loss) { In Jalaja (Rs. 10,010/-) and Annant (Rs 11,497/-)} | (0) | (0) |

(ix) Revenue and profit or loss for the year as if acquisition date was beginning of the year

| Particulars | (Amount in Lakh) |
|--|------------------|
| Income (Rs 690) | 0 |
| Expenditure (Rs 22,197/-) | 0 |
| Profit/(Loss) (Loss of Rs 21 507/-) | (0) |





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

- For the land purchased by the Company, the Company has formulated its own annuity scheme on voluntary basis for the payment of annuity to land sellers meeting the eligibility criteria and has provided for annuity on annual basis. The amount of undiscounted annuity provision as at 31st March, 2018 is Rs. 2 162 Lakh (Previous year Rs. 1 820 Lakh). In respect of land covered under licensed area and land disposed off by the Company by way of sale/lease/exchange, the Company has decided to pay annuity on yearly basis to land sellers, irrespective of their meeting the eligibility conditions and in such cases, has made the provision for full term of 33 years except for land disposed off through exchange the provision in respect of which is made on annual basis. The amount of undiscounted annuity provision for 33 years as at 31st March, 2018 is Rs.8 355 Lakh (Previous year Rs. 6 703 Lakh). Thus after carrying out the adjustment as required, the discounted amount of annuity provision as on 31st March, 2018 stands at Rs 4 465 Lakh (Previous year Rs. 3 675 Lakh). Such provisions will be re-measured in subsequent years as per the requirement of Indian Accounting Standards.
- 37 The Company executed long term lease agreements with three of its customers for a period of 99 years. As per the terms of lease, it received one time lease premium and in addition receives lease rentals on annual basis during the lease period. Subsequent to adoption of Indian Accounting Standards with transition date as at 1st April, 2015, it has computed the fair value of lease rentals receivable in future. It has thus gross lease rentals receivable with discounted value of minimum lease payments receivable as at end of each of the reporting period as under:

| S.N. | Particulars | (Rs in Lak | |
|------------|--|------------------------------|-----------------|
| | | 31 st March, 2018 | 31st March 2017 |
| 1. | Gross lease rentals receivable | 1 515 | 1 530 |
| 2. | Present value of minimum lease payments receivable | 87 | 98 |
| (a) | Not later than one year | 10 | 11 |
| (a) (b) | Later than one year but not later than five years | 34 | 11 39 |
| (c) 3. | Later than five years | 43 | 48 |
| 3. | Unearned Finance Income | 1 428 | 1 432 |

38 As per the requirement of Ind AS- 37 (provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets), following are the details of provisions appearing as on each of the following reporting period:
(Ps. In Leich)

| S.N. | Particulars | As at | |
|------|--|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | 31st March 2018 | 31st March 2017 |
| 1. | Balance at the beginning | 3 675 | 3 554 |
| 2. | Add provisions made during the year | 2 377 | 1 639 |
| 3. | Less: | | |
| (a) | Amount used/charged against the provisions during the year | 1 646 | 1 559 |
| (b) | Unused amount reversed during the year | | |
| 4. | Increase during the year in undiscounted amount arising from unwinding of discounting | 59 | 41 |
| 5. | Balance at the end | 4 465 | 3 675 |

39 Employee Benefits

As per Indian Accounting Standard - 19 "Employee Benefits" the disclosures as defined are given below:

Defined Contribution Plans:

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognized as expenses for the year is as under;-

| | ************************************** | (Rs In Lakh) |
|--|--|--------------|
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
| Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund | 33 | 41 |
| Employer's Contribution to Superannuation Fund | 2 | 2 |
| Employer's Contribution to Pension Scheme | 7 | 7 |





Defined Benefit Plan

I. Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of Defined Benefit Obligation

(Rs In Lakh.)

| Particulars | Gratuity (Funded) | |
|---|-------------------|------------|
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
| Defined Benefit Obligation at beginning of the year | 125 | 69 |
| Current Service cost | 15 | 9 |
| Interest Cost | 9 | 9 |
| Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations due to change in financial assumptions | (3) | 2 |
| Actuarial (gain) / loss | (1) | 47 |
| Transfer in /(Out) | 1 | - |
| Benefits paid | (3) | (7) |
| Defined Benefit obligation at year end | 143 | (7) 125 |

II. Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of fair value of Plan Assets

(Rs in Lakh)

| Particulars | Gratuity (Funded) | |
|--|-------------------|------------|
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
| Fair Value of Plan Assets at beginning of the year | 125 | 100 |
| Expected Return on Plan Assets | 9 | 7 |
| Liability Transferred In/Acquisitions | 1 | - |
| Actuarial Gain / (Loss) | 1 | (0) |
| Employers Contribution | 9 | (0) 25 |
| Benefits paid | (3) | (7) |
| Fair value of Plan assets at year end | 142 | (7) 125 |

III. Reconciliation of fair value of Assets and Obligations

(Rs In Lakh.)

| Particulars | Gratuity (Funded) | |
|---|-------------------|---------|
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
| Fair value of Plan Assets | 142 | 125 |
| Present value of Obligation | (143) | (125) |
| Net (Liability)/Asset Recognized in the Balance Sheet | (1) | |

IV. Expenses recognized during the year

(Rs in Lakh)

| Particulars | Gratuity (Funded) | |
|--|-------------------|---------|
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 |
| In Income Statement | | |
| Current Service Cost | 15 | 9 |
| Interest Cost | | (2) |
| Net Cost | 15 | 7 |
| In Other Comprehensive Income | A marile | |
| Actuarial (Gain) / Loss | (4) | 49 |
| Return On Plan Assets | (1) | 0 |
| Net (Income)/ Expense For the period Recognized in OCI | (5) | 49 |

V. Investment Details

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(Rs in Lakh)

| Particulars | Gratuity (Fur | Gratuity (Funded) | |
|--------------------|---------------|-------------------|--|
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | |
| /Insurance Fund | 142 | 125 | |
| A Missianica Fanta | 144 | | |



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

VI. Bifurcation of Net Liability

(Rs in Lakh)

| Particulars | As on 31st Mar, 2018 | As on 31st Mar, 2017 |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Current Liability (Short Term) | 1 | - |
| Non-Current Liability (Long Term) | | |

VII. Actuarial assumptions

| Particulars | Gratulty (Funded) | | |
|--|-------------------|------------|--|
| | 2017-18 | 2016-17 | |
| | 2006-08 | 2006-08 | |
| | (Ultimate) | (Ultimate) | |
| Expected rate of return on Plan Assets (per annum) | 8.00% | 7.46% | |
| Discount Rate (per annum) | 8.00% | 7.46% | |
| Rate of escalation in Salary (per annum) | 6.00% | 6.00% | |
| Rate of Employee Turnover | 2.00% | 2.00% | |
| | | | |

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary.

The Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets is determined considering several applicable factors, mainly the composition of Plan Assets held, assessed risks, historical results of return on Plan Assets and the Company's policy for Plan Assets.

VIII. The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year will be in line with FY 2017-18.

IX. Sensitivity Analysis

Significant Actuarial Assumptions for rate determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount trade, expected salary increase and employee turnover. The sensitivity analysis below, have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at end of the reporting period, while holding all other assumptions constant. The result of Sensitivity analysis is given below:

(Rs in Lakh)

| Particulars | 31st March, 2018 143 As at 31st March, 2018 (Rs) | | 31 st March, 2017 125 As at 31 st March, 2017 (Rs) | |
|--|---|-----------|---|-----------|
| Defined Benefit Obligation (Base) | | | | |
| Particulars | | | | |
| | Decrease | Increase | Decrease | Increase |
| Discount Rate (-/+0.5%) %age change compared to base due to sensitivity | 3 2.2% | -2.2% | 2 2% | -1.8% |
| Salary growth rate (-/+0.5%) %age change compared to base due to sensitivity | -2.2% | 3 2.2% | -1.9% | 2 2% |
| Attrition rate (-/+ 25%) %age change compared to base due to sensitivity | -0.1% | 0 0.1% | -0.2% | 0 0.2% |
| Mortality Rate (-/+ 10%) %age change compared to base due to sensitivity | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A | N/A |





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2018

These plans typically expose the Company to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

The present value of defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is Investment risk:

determined by reference to market yields at the end of reporting period on investment with

LIC.

Interest risk: A decrease in the interest rate will increase the plan liability; however this will be partially

offset by an increase in the return on plan debt investments.

The present value of defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An Longevity risk:

increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Salary risk: The present value of defined plan liability is calculated by reference to the future sataries of

plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the

plan's liability.

40 Taxation

(De in Lakh)

| Particulars | Year ended | | |
|---|------------------|------------------|--|
| | 31st March, 2018 | 31st March, 2017 | |
| Income tax recognized in Statement of profit and loss | 1 | | |
| Current tax | | | |
| Deferred tax | (132) | (123) | |

The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:

(Re in Lakh)

| Particulars | Year ended | | |
|--|------------------|------------------|--|
| 0. 0iss - 3 | 31th March, 2018 | 31st March, 2017 | |
| Profit before tax | (860) | (796) | |
| Applicable tax rate | 30.90% | 30.90% | |
| Computed tax expense | (266) | (246) | |
| Tax effect of: | ******* | | |
| Exempted Income | | | |
| Expenses disallowed | 96 | 112 | |
| Additional allowances net of MAT credit | | | |
| Current tax provision (A) | (170) | (134) | |
| Incremental deferred tax liability on account of tangible and Intangible assets | (11) | 3 | |
| Incremental deferred tax asset on account of financial assets and other items | (121) | (126) | |
| Deferred tax provision (B) | (132) | (123) | |
| Tax expenses recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B) | (302) | (257) | |
| Effective tax rate | | | |





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 315T MARCH 2018

41 The Deferred Tax Liability/Asset comprise of the following:

(Rs in Lakh)

| | As at 31st March,2017 | Charge/(Credit) to profit or loss | Others | As at 31st March,2018 |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|--------------------------|
| Deferred Tax Liabilities /Asset in rel | ation to | | | - decimende de la comp |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5 | 11 | 7.4 | 16 |
| Financial assets at FVTPL | 13 | 316 | | 329 |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | (780) | (195) | | (975) |
| Total | (762) | 132 | 25 | (630) |

- 42 The figures for the corresponding previous year have been regrouped/ reclassified wherever necessary, to make them comparable.
- 43 The financial statements were approved for Issue by Board of directors on 13th April, 2018.

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As per our Report of even date

Fo DTS & Associates Firm Regd No.: 142412W Chartered Accountants

Anuj Bhatia Partner

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th April, 2018

Membership No.- 122179

For and on behalf of the Board

Shrivallabh Goyal

(Director) DIN-00021471

(Director) DIN-01039400

Sudhir Jain

(Chief Financial Officer) Membership No.- 084440

Place: Gurugram Date: 13th April, 2018 Place: Gurugram

Dheeraj Kandhari

(Company Secretary)

Membership No.- A20934

Gurgaon

Spanker Adawal

Date: 13th April, 2018