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Environment Clearance for proposed Commercial Colony 'AIPL Joy Gallery' at Sector-66, Village Badshahpur, Gurugram, Haryana by M/s R.C.Sood & Company Pvt. Ltd.

Project Proponent

: Mr. Sandeep Roy

Consultant

: M/s Vardan EnviroNet

The project proponent submitted the case to the SEIAA as per check list approved by the SEIAA/SEAC on dated 20.05.2019 for obtaining Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006. The case was taken up for appraisal in the 183rd meeting of the SEAC held on 27.06.2019. The PP presented the case before the committee and after detailed discussion on various issues like RWH, TOD compliance, Traffic circulation plan, Ambient air quality, Metrological data, solid waste management, e-waste, plastic waste, STP, sludge generated, biodegradable waste and ECBC compliance, energy savings some observations were raised as below:

- 1. The PP shall submit the affidavit regarding the TOD Policy Compliance
- The PP shall submit approval of 12 % Extra FAR from the competent authority along with land details
- 3. The PP shall submit approval of five basements from the competent authority.
- 4. The PP shall submit the Traffic circulation/study plan of the project site
- The PP shall submit key plan marking sampling location along with wind rose model details.
- 6. The PP shall submit AAI clearance from competent authority.
- 7. The PP shall submit revised solid waste management plan
- The PP shall submit approved zoning plan, lay out plan, Building plan and elevation plan, Sector plan.
- 9. The PP shall submit the revised water balance diagram.
- 10. The PP shall submit revised fire safety plan along with SOP.
- The pp shall submit the Micro-metrological data and AAQ data need to be tabled and submit dispersion modeling of data based on datasheet prepared.
- 12. The PP shall submit the revised CER with specific details as per 2018 guideline/circular
- 13. The PP shall submit the revised Rain Water Harvesting Plan (double well housing structure) with recent rainfall and run-off data including digital water level recorder. along with cleaning of the RWH pits plan.
- 14. The project proponent should submit detailed drainage plan for monsoon season.
- The project proponent should submit the incremental load statement for project w.r.t the traffic and DG set.
- 16. The project proponent should submit the Sun Simulation Path Study for buildings orientation.
- 17. The PP shall submit Fund allocation details for Corporate Environment Responsibility (CER) as per Ministry's O.M. No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May, 2018 for various activities therein. The details of fund allocation and activities for CER shall be submitted.
- 18. The PP shall submit details of construction of pavement as per building code guidelines.
- The project proponent should submit Leaves/garden waste compost plan in earmarked pits for converting them into compost to be used as manure.
- The PP shall submit the green belt development plan along with covered area in meters.
- The PP shall submit the details of various components of STP including dimensions of each component
- 22. The PP shall submit the disposal of sludge of the STP
- 23. The PP shall submit the Forest NOC
- 24. The PP shall submit the revised parking Plan as per building byelaws.
- The PP shall submit the budget details for NOx control in DG sets which are in close proximity to the highway shall be provided in the revised EMP cost.
- The PP shall submit verification report of stack height and distance of the same from building during monitoring of emissions from DG set.
- The PP shall submit MoU letters for management of MSW (bio degradable and non-biodegradable waste) and Hazardous waste.

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- 28. The PP shall submit the ECBC study indicating compliance and percent energy savings.
- 29. The PP shall submit the disaster Management Plan
- 30. The PP shall submit the Zero discharge in public sewage system
- 31. The PP shall submit the details of Non FAR areas including proper ventilation for light, blowers and air conditioning parameters.

The above said observations were conveyed to PP vide letter no. HR/SEAC/019/450 dated11.07.2019 and the PP submitted the reply of observations vide letter dated 18.02.2020.

Thereafter, the case was taken up in 197th meeting of SEAC held on 26.02.2020. The PP presented the case before the committee.

- The Proposed project is for Commercial Colony 'AIPL Joy Gallery' at Sector-66, Village Badshahpur, Gurugram, Haryana by M/s R.C.Sood & Company Pvt. Ltd.
- Presently, the project is appraised on Concept plan as Building plan of the project are not approved from the Competent Authority.
- The project has been granted license no. 197 of 2008 of an area measuring 4.418acres vide letter no. 34206 dated 18.12.2018 which is valid upto 04.12.2020.
- The land falls under the residential zone as per Gurugram Manesar Master plan 2031.
- No Wildlife Sanctuary falls within10kms from the Project site

The details of the project, as per the documents submitted by the project proponent, and also as informed during the presentation in the meeting are as under:-

Sr. No.	Particulars				
1.	Online Proposal Number	SIA/HR/MIS/105891/2019			
2.	Latitude	28°24'19.9" N			
3.	Longitude	77 3'28.1" E			
4.	Plot Area	17879.027 m²			
5.	Net Plot Area	14672.890 m²			
6.	Proposed Ground Coverage	8601.225 m ²			
7.	Proposed FAR	61965.02 m²			
8.	Non FAR Area	68733.46 m²			
9.	Total Built Up area	130698.48 m²			
10.	Total Green Area with %	3669.82 m ² (25% of net plot area)			
11.	Rain Water Harvesting Pits (with size)	04(76.93m ³)			
12.	STP Capacity	350 KLD			
13.	Total Parking	1031			
14.	Organic Waste Converter	2(1x1250 Kg/day &1x500 Kg/day)			
15.	Maximum Height of the Building (m)	125 m			
16.	Power Requirement	5951 KVA			
17.	Power Backup	4 no's total capacity = 5750 KVA (1×2000 KVA +2×1500 KVA +1×750 KVA)			
18.	Total Water Requirement	414 KLD			
19.	Domestic Water Requirement	162 KLD			
20.	Fresh Water Requirement	162 KLD			
21.	Treated Water	252 KLD			

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22.	Waste Water Generated				280 KLD
23.	Solid Waste Generated				2280 KLD
24.	Biodegradable Waste				1368 Kg/day
25.	Number of Towers				1
26.	Basement				5
27.	Stories				G+26
28.	R+U Value of Material used (Glass)				U Value: 5.2 W/m²/K SHGC: 0.67 (Single Glass unit for retail) U Value: 2.2 W/m²/K SHGC: 0.25 (Double Glass unit for Office)
29.	ii)		i) La	and Cost	
			ii) C Cost	construction	Total Cost: 225 Crores
30.	CER				3.375 Crores
31.	EMP Budget	EMP Budget			1.50 Crores
32.				i) PM 2.5	0.0129 μg/m ³
				ii) PM 10	0.0329µg/m ³
	iii) SO ₂ iv) NO ₂		iii) SO ₂	0.7974µg/m ³	
			iv) NO ₂	2.9901µg/m ³	
33.	Construction Phase:	i) Pov	i) Power Back-up		Temporary Connection
		Sourc	ii) Water Requirement & Source		10 KLD
		iii) STP (Modular)			1(5kld)
		iv) Mitigation measures for dust		on measures for	As per NGT order Anti-Smog Gun will be provided at site

The Discussion was held on Fire NOC, existing no. of trees, ZLD, Building plan, revised water balance diagram, revised CER, Landscape Plan and certain observations were raised which were replied by the PP vide letter dated 26.02.2020. The PP submitted an order no. 5DP-111-2008/11747-59 dated 05.12.2008 regarding change of name of developer in the name of M/s R.C.Sood & Company Pvt. Ltd C/o Advance India Projects Ltd .The PP also submitted that 38.75lakhs out of CER will be spent on development of existing pond at village Kadarpur under technical guidance of Haryana Ponds & Waste Water Management Authority.

The PP submitted the affidavit cum undertaking that

- Requisite clearance shall be obtained for height of the building from Airport Authority of India before the start of construction.
- · All the Policies of TOD License shall be complied

The Reply was deliberated and considered by the committee.

After deliberations the Committee rated this project with "Gold Rating" and was of the unanimous view that this case for granting Environmental Clearance under EIA Notification dated 14.09.2006 issued by the Ministry of Environment and Forest, Government of India should be recommended to the SEIAA with the following specific and general stipulations:

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A. Specific conditions:-

- Sewage shall be treated in the STP based on MBBR technology with tertiary treatment i.e.
 Ultra Filtration to achieve standards ordered by NGT. The Treated effluent from STP shall be
 recycled /reused for flushing. DG cooling and Gardening. The PP shall maintain the Zero
 Liquid discharge from the project.
- The Project Proponent would devise a monitoring plan to the satisfaction of the State Pollution Control Board so as to continuously monitor the treated waste water being used for flushing in terms of faecal coli forms and other pathogenic bacteria.
- 3. The Project Proponents would commission a third party study on the implementation of conditions related to quality and quantity of recycle and reuse of treated water, efficiency of treatment systems, quality of treated water being supplied for flushing (specially the bacterial counts), comparative bacteriological studies from toilet seats using recycled treated waters and fresh waters for flushing, and quality of water being supplied through spray faucets attached to toilet seats.
- 4. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid Waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials. Wet Garbage shall be composted in Organic waste convertor. Adequate area shall be provided for solid waste management within the premises which will include area for segregation, composting. The Inert waste from the project will be sent to solid waste dumping site through authorized vender.
- 5. Traffic management plan as submitted shall be implemented in letter and spirit. Apart, a detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is marinated and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habilitation being carried out or purpose to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time
- 6. No tree cutting has been proposed in the instant project. A minimum of 1 tree for every 80sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The Existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping. As proposed 3669.82 m² (25% of net plot area) shall be provided for green area development.
- 7. The Project Proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- Consent to establish/operate for the project shall be obtained from the State Pollution Control Board as required under the Air (Prevention and Control of pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1974.
- The Approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of building code due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipments etc. as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- The PP shall restore, reclaim and maintain the pond at village Kadarpur to the project site with technical support from the Haryana Pond and Waste Water Management Authority
- 11. The PP shall deposit the half of CER fund in the C.M. Fund, 50 lakhs for maintenance of Gaushala at village Basai & Tikli and 35 lakhs for Maintenance of cremation ground, sanitary napkin wending machine installation of drinking water ATM Machine at village Badshahpur, Behrampur, Hasanpur, Palra, Tikli as per the schedule and undertaking submitted by PP.
- 12. The PP shall obtain the Fire NOC from the Competent Authority before taking the occupation of the building.
- The PP shall submit the AAI NOC from the Competent Authority before the appraisal of the project by SEIAA.
- 14. The PP shall not cut the exiting 9 no. of trees in the project area without the permission of the Competent Authority and shall plant 10 times the no. of trees to be cut after taking permission of the Competent Authority
- The PP shall install the Eco Friendly Green Transformer based on ester oil to reduce the carbon footprint

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- The PP shall not give occupation or possession before the water supply and sewage connection permitted by the competent authority.
- The PP shall not give occupation or possession before the electricity connection permitted by the competent Authority.
- The PP shall obtain the permission regarding withdrawal of ground water from CGWA before the start of the project and also obtain the CTO from HSPCB after the approva I from CGWA.
- The PP shall carry out the quarterly awareness programs for the stakeholders of the commercial colony/project.
- 20. 4 Rain Water Harvesting pits shall be provided for rainwater usages as per the CGWB norms.
- The PP shall install Digital water level recorder for monitoring the water recharge and carry out quarterly maintenance and cleaning of 4RWH pits.
- 22. The PP shall provide the Anti smog gun mounted on truck in the project for suppress ion of dust during construction & operational phase and shall use the treated water, if feasible.
- The PP shall take all preventive measures including water sprinkles to control dust during construction and operational phase.
- 24. The PP shall provide the mechanical ladder for use in case of emergency.
- Any change in stipulations of EC will lead to Environment Clearance void-ab-initio and PP will have to seek fresh Environment Clearance.

B. Statutory Compliance:

- [1] The project proponent shall obtain all necessary clearance/ permission from all relevant agencies including town planning authority for ground coverage, FAR and should be in accordance with zoning plan approved by Competent Authority before commencement of work. All the construction shall be done in accordance with the local building byelaws.
- [2] The approval of the Competent Authority shall be obtained for structural safety of buildings due to earthquakes, adequacy of firefighting equipment etc as per National Building Code including protection measures from lightening etc.
- [3] The project proponent shall obtain forest clearance under the provisions of Forest (Conservation) Act, 1986, in case of the diversion of forest land for non-forest purpose involved in the project.
- [4] The project proponent shall obtain clearance from the National Board for Wildlife, if applicable.
- [5] The project proponent shall obtain Consent to Establish/Operate under the provisions of Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981 and the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 from the Haryana State Pollution Control Board.
- [6] The project proponent shall obtain the necessary permission for drawl of ground water /surface water required for the project from the competent authority.
- [7] A certificate of adequacy of available power from the agency supplying power to the project along with the load allowed for the project should be obtained.
- [8] All other statutory clearances such as the approvals for storage of diesel from Chief Controller of Explosives, Fire Department, Civil Aviation Department shall be obtained, as applicable, by project proponents from the respective competent authorities.
- [9] The provisions of the Solid Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, e-Waste (Management) Rules, 2016, and the Plastics Waste (Management) Rules, 2016 and Batteries waste (Management Handling Rules2001 as amended in 2020) shall be followed.
- [10] The project proponent shall follow the ECBC Act/ECBC-Rules prescribed by Bureau of Energy Efficiency, Ministry of Power strictly in addition of bylaws of the State Government.

I Air Quality Monitoring and Preservation

- Notification GSR 94(E) dated 25.01.2018 of MoEF&CC regarding Mandatory Implementation of Dust Mitigation Measures for Construction and Demolition Activities for projects requiring Environmental Clearance shall be complied with.
- A management plan shall be drawn up and implemented to contain the current exceedance in ambient air quality at the site.
- The project proponent shall install system to carryout Ambient Air Quality monitoring for common/criterion parameters relevant to the main pollutants released (e.g. PM10 and PM25)

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covering upwind and downwind directions during the construction period.

- iv. Diesel power generating sets proposed as source of backup power should be of enclosed type and conform to rules made under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986. The height of stack of DG sets should be equal to the height needed for the combined capacity of all proposed DG sets. Use of ultra lowsulphur diesel. The location of the DG sets may be decided with in consultation with State Pollution Control Board
- v. Construction site shall be adequately barricaded before the construction begins. Dust, smo ke & other air pollution prevention measures shall be provided for the building as well as the site. These measures shall include screens for the building under construction, continuous dust/ wind breaking walls all around the site (at least 3 meter height). Plastic/tarpaulin sheet covers shall be provided for vehicles bringing in sand, cement, murram and other construction materials prone to causing dust pollution at the site as well as taking out debris from the site.
- vi. Sand, murram, loose soil, cement, stored on site shall be covered adequately so as to prevent dust pollution.
- vii. Wet jet shall be provided for grinding and stone cutting.
- viii. Unpaved surfaces and loose soil shall be adequately sprinkled with water to suppress dust.
- ix. All construction and demolition debris shall be stored at the site (and not dumped on the roads or open spaces outside) before they are properly disposed. All demolition and construction waste shall be managed as per the provisions of the Construction and Demolition Waste Rules 2016.
- x. The diesel generator sets to be used during construction phase shall be ultra lowsulphur diesel type and shall conform to Environmental (Protection) prescribed for air and noise emission standards.
- xi. The gaseous emissions from DG set shall be dispersed through adequate stack height as per CPCB standards. Acoustic enclosure shall be provided to the DG sets to mitigate the noise pollution. Ultra low sulphur diesel shall be used. The location of the DG set and exhaust pipe height shall be as per the provisions of the Central Pollution Control Board (CPCB) norms.
- xii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.

II Water Quality Monitoring and Preservation

- i. The natural drain system should be maintained for ensuring unrestricted flow of water. No construction shall be allowed to obstruct the natural drainage through the site, on wetland and water bodies. Check dams, bio-swales, landscape, and other sustainable urban drainage systems (SUDS) are allowed for maintaining the drainage pattern and to harvest rain water.
- Buildings shall be designed to follow the natural topography as much as possible. Minimum cutting and filling should be done.
- Total fresh water use shall not exceed the proposed requirement as provided in the project details. The per capita supply should adhere to NBC 2016 and CGWA Notification dated 12.12.2018.
- iv. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF &CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- v. A certificate shall be obtained from the local body supplying water, specifying the total annual water availability with the local authority, the quantity of water already committed the quantity of water allotted to the project under consideration and the balance water available. This should be specified separately for ground water and surface water sources, ensuring that there is no impact on other users.
- vi. At least 20% of the open spaces as required by the local building bye-laws shall be pervious. Use of Grass pavers, paver blocks with at least 50% opening, landscape etc. would be considered as pervious surface.
- vii. Installation of dual pipe plumbing for supplying fresh water for drinking, cooking and bathing etc and other for supply of recycled water for flushing, landscape irrigation, car washing, thermal cooling, conditioning etc. shall be done.
- viii. Use of water saving devices/ fixtures (viz. low flow flushing systems; use of low flow faucets tap aerators etc) for water conservation shall be incorporated in the building plan.
 - ix. Separation of grey and black water should be done by the use of dual plumbing system. In case of single stack system separate recirculation lines for flushing by giving dual plumbing system be done.
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- x. Water demand during construction should be reduced by use of pre-mixed concrete, curing agents and other best practices referred.
- xi. The local bye-law provisions on rain water harvesting should be followed. If local byelaw provision is not available, adequate provision for storage and recharge should be followed as per the Ministry of Urban Development Model Building Byelaws, 2016. Rain Water Harvesting pits shall be provided for ground water recharging as per the CGWB norms.
- xii. A rain water harvesting plan needs to be designed where the recharge bores of minimum one recharge bore per 5,000 square meters of built up area and storage capacity of minimum one day of total fresh water requirement shall be provided. In areas where ground water recharge is not feasible, the rain water should be harvested and stored for reuse. The ground water shall not be withdrawn without approval from the Competent Authority.
- xiii. All recharge should be limited to shallow aquifer.
- xiv. No ground water shall be used during construction phase of the project.
- xv. Any ground water dewatering should be properly managed and shall conform to the approvals and the guidelines of the CGWA in the matter. Formal approval shall be taken from the CGWA for any ground water abstraction or dewatering.
- xvi. The quantity of fresh water usage, water recycling and rainwater harvesting shall be measured and recorded to monitor the water balance as projected by the project proponent. The record shall be submitted to the Regional Office, MoEF&CC along with six monthly Monitoring reports.
- xvii. Sewage shall be treated in the STP with tertiary treatment. The treated effluent from STP shall be recycled/re-used for flushing, AC make up water and gardening. As proposed, no treated water shall be disposed in to municipal drain.
- xviii. No sewage or untreated effluent water would be discharged through storm water drains.
- xix. Onsite sewage treatment of capacity of treating 100% waste water to be installed. The installation of the Sewage Treatment Plant (STP) shall be certified by an independent expert and a report in this regard shall be submitted to the Ministry before the project is commissioned for operation. Treated waste water shall be reused on site for landscape, flushing, cooling tower, and other enduses. Excess treated water shall be discharged as per statutory norms notified by Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change. Natural treatment systems shall be promoted.
- xx. Periodical monitoring of water quality of treated sewage shall be conducted. Necessary measures should be made to mitigate the odour problem from STP.
- xxi. Sludge from the onsite sewage treatment, including septic tanks, shall be collected, conveyed and disposed as per the Ministry of Urban Development, Central Public Health and Environmental Engineering Organization (CPHEEO) Manual on Sewerage and Sewage Treatment Systems, 2013.

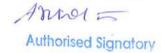
III Noise Monitoring and Prevention

- i. Ambient noise levels shall conform to residential area/commercial area both during day and night as per Noise Pollution (Control and Regulation) Rules, 2000. Incremental pollution loads on the ambient air and noise quality shall be closely monitored during construction phase. Adequate measures shall be made to reduce ambient air and noise level during construction phase, so as to conform to the stipulated standards by CPCB / SPCB.
- ii. Noise level survey shall be carried as per the prescribed guidelines and report in this regard shall be submitted to Regional Officer of the Ministry as a part of six-monthly compliance report.
- iii. Acoustic enclosures for DG sets, noise barriers for ground-run bays, ear plugs for operating personnel shall be implemented as mitigation measures for noise impact due to ground sources.

IV Energy Conservation Measures

- Compliance with the Energy Conservation Building Code (ECBC) of Bureau of Energy Efficiency as per ECBC Act, 2017 read with ECBC Rules, 2018 shall be ensured. Buildings in the States which have notified their own ECBC, shall comply with the State ECBC also which is in no case should be less than 25% as prescribed.
- ii. Outdoor and common area lighting shall be LED.
- iii. Concept of passive solar design that minimize energy consumption in buildings by using design elements, such as building orientation, landscaping, efficient building envelope, appropriate fenestration, increased day lighting design and thermal mass etc. shall be incorporated in the building design. Wall, window, and roof R & U-values shall be as per ECBC specifications.
- iv. Energy conservation measures like installation of CFLs/ LED for the lighting the area outside the

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- building should be integral part of the project design and should be in place before project commissioning.
- v. Solar, wind or other Renewable Energy shall be installed to meet electricity generation equivalent to 1% of the demand load or as per the state level/ local building bye-laws requirement, whichever is higher.
- vi. Solar power shall be used for lighting in the apartment to reduce the power load on grid. Separate electric meter shall be installed for solar power. Solar water heating shall be provided to meet 20% of the hot water demand of the commercial and institutional building or as per the requirement of the local building bye-laws, whichever is higher. Residential buildings are also recommended to meet its hot water demand from solar water heaters, as far as possible.
- vii. The PP will submit report indicating compliance of each parameter of ECBC requirement and submit quantification saving report for each component.

V Waste Management

- i. A certificate from the competent authority handling municipal solid wastes, indicating the existing civic capacities of handling and their adequacy to cater to the M.S.W. generated from project shall be obtained.
- ii. Disposal of muck during construction phase shall not create any adverse effect on the neighboring communities and be disposed taking the necessary precautions for general safety and health aspects of people, only in approved sites with the approval of competent authority.
- iii. Separate wet and dry bins must be provided in each unit and at the ground level for facilitating segregation of waste. Solid waste shall be segregated into wet garbage and inert materials.
- iv. Organic Waste Converter within the premises with a minimum capacity of 0.5 kg /person/day must be installed. Leaves to be put in earmarked pits for converting them into compost to be used as manure.
- v. All non-biodegradable waste shall be handed over to authorized recyclers for which a written tie up must be done with the authorized recyclers.
- vi. Any hazardous waste generated during construction phase, shall be disposed of as per applicable rules and norms with necessary approvals of the State Pollution Control Board.
- vii. Use of environment friendly materials in bricks, blocks and other construction materials, shall be required for at least 20% of the construction material quantity. These include Fly Ash bricks, hollow bricks, AACs, Fly Ash Lime Gypsum blocks, compressed earth blocks, and other environment friendly materials.
- viii. Fly ash should be used as building material in the construction as per the provision of Fly Ash Notification of September, 1999 and amended as on 27th August, 2003 and 25th January, 2016.Ready mixed concrete must be used in building construction.
- ix. Any wastes from construction and demolition activities related thereto shall be managed so as to strictly conform to the Construction and Demolition Rules, 2016.
- x. Used CFLs and TFLs should be properly collected and disposed off/sent for recycling as per the prevailing guidelines/ rules of the regulatory authority to avoid mercury contamination.

VI Green Cover

- i. No tree can be felled/transplant unless exigencies demand. Where absolutely necessary, tree felling shall be with prior permission from the concerned regulatory authority. Old trees should be retained based on girth and age regulations as may be prescribed by the Forest Department. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted).
- ii. A minimum of 1 tree (5' tall) for every 80 sqm of land should be planted and maintained. The existing trees will be counted for this purpose. The landscape planning should include plantation of native species. The species with heavy foliage, broad leaves and wide canopy cover are desirable. Water intensive and/or invasive species should not be used for landscaping.
- iii. Where the trees need to be cut with prior permission from the concerned local Authority, compensatory plantation in the ratio of 1:10 (i.e. planting of 10 trees for every 1 tree that is cut) shall be done and maintained. Plantations to be ensured species (cut) to species (planted). Area for green belt development shall be provided as per the details provided in the project document.
- iv. Topsoil should be stripped to a depth of 20 cm from the areas proposed for buildings, roads, paved areas, and external services. It should be stockpiled appropriately in designated areas and reapplied during plantation of the proposed vegetation on site.

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VII Transport

- A comprehensive mobility plan, as per MoUD best practices guidelines (URDPFI), shall be prepared
 to include motorized, non-motorized, public, and private networks. Road should be designed with
 due consideration for environment, and safety of users. The road system can be designed with
 these basic criteria.
 - a) Hierarchy of roads with proper segregation of vehicular and pedestrian traffic.
 - b) Traffic calming measures.
 - Proper design of entry and exit points.
 - d) Parking norms as per local regulation.
- ii. Vehicles hired for bringing construction material to the site should be in good condition and should have a pollution check certificate and should conform to applicable air and noise emission standards be operated only during non-peak hours.
- iii. A detailed traffic management and traffic decongestion plan shall be drawn up to ensure that the current level of service of the roads within a 05 kms radius of the project is maintained and improved upon after the implementation of the project. This plan should be based on cumulative impact of all development and increased habitation being carried out or proposed to be carried out by the project or other agencies in this 05 Kms radius of the site in different scenarios of space and time and the traffic management plan shall be duly validated and certified by the State Urban Development department and the P.W.D./ competent authority for road augmentation and shall also have their consent to the implementation of components of the plan which involve the participation of these departments.

VIII Human Health Issues

- All workers working at the construction site and involved in loading, unloading, carriage of construction material and construction debris or working in any area with dust pollution shall be provided with dust mask.
- ii. For indoor air quality the ventilation provisions as per National Building Code of India.
- iii. Emergency preparedness plan based on the Hazard identification and Risk Assessment (HIRA) and Disaster Management Plan shall be implemented.
- iv. Provision shall be made for the housing of construction labour within the site with all necessary infrastructure and facilities such as fuel for cooking, mobile toilets, mobile STP, safe drinking water, medical health care, crèche etc. The housing may be in the form of temporary structures to be removed after the completion of the project.
- v. Occupational health surveillance of the workers shall be done on a regular basis.
- vi. A First Aid Room shall be provided in the project both during construction and operations of the project.

IX Corporate Environment Responsibility

- The project proponent shall comply with the provisions contained in this Ministry's OM vide F.No. 22-65/2017-IA.III dated 1st May 2018, as applicable, regarding Corporate Environment Responsibility.
- ii. The company shall have a well laid down environmental policy duly approved by the Board of Directors. The environmental policy should prescribe for standard operating procedures to have proper checks and balances and to bring into focus any infringements/ deviation/ violation of the environmental/ forest/ wildlife norms/ conditions. The company shall have defined system of reporting infringements/ deviation/ violation of the environmental/ forest/ wildlife norms/ conditions and/ or shareholders/ stake holders. The copy of the board resolution in this regard shall be submitted to the MoEF&CC as a part of six-monthly report.
- iii. A separate Environmental Cell both at the project and company head quarter level, with qualified personnel shall be set up under the control of senior Executive, who will directly to the head of the organization.
- iv. Action plan for implementing EMP and environmental conditions along with responsibility matrix of the company shall be prepared and shall be duly approved by competent authority. The year wise funds earmarked for environmental protection measures shall be kept in separate account and not to be diverted for any other purpose. Year wise progress of implementation of action planets Limited.

Anilot F Authorised Signatory shall be reported to the Ministry/Regional Office along with the Six Monthly Compliance Report.

X Miscellaneous

- The project proponent shall prominently advertise it at least in two local newspapers of the District or State, of which one shall be in the vernacular language within seven days indicating that the project has been accorded environment clearance and the details of MoEFCC/SEIAA website where it is displayed.
- ii. The copies of the environmental clearance shall be submitted by the project proponents to the Heads of local bodies, Panchayats and Municipal Bodies in addition to the relevant offices of the Government who in turn has to display the same for 30 days from the date of receipt.
- The project proponent shall upload the status of compliance of the stipulated environment clearance conditions, including results of monitored data on their website and update the same on half-yearly basis.
- iv. The project proponent shall submit six-monthly reports on the status of the compliance of the stipulated environmental conditions on the website of the ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change at environment clearance portal.
- v. The project proponent shall submit the environmental statement for each financial year in Form-V to the concerned State Pollution Control Board as prescribed under the Environment (Protection) Rules, 1986, as amended subsequently and put on the website of the company.
- vi. The project proponent shall inform the Regional Office as well as the Ministry, the date of financial closure and final approval of the project by the concerned authorities, commencing the land development work and start of production operation by the project.
- vii. The project authorities must strictly adhere to the stipulations made by the State Pollution Control Board and the State Government.
- viii. The project proponent shall abide by all the commitments and recommendations made in the form-IA, Conceptual Plan and also that during their presentation to the Expert Appraisal Committee.
- ix. No further expansion or modifications in the plan shall be carried out without prior approval of the Ministry of Environment, Forests and Climate Change (MoEF&CC)/SEIAA, Haryana. The project proponent shall seek fresh environmental clearance under EIA notification 2006 if at any stage there is change of area of this project.
- x. Any change in planning of the approved plan will leads to Environment Clearance void-ab-initio and PP will have to seek fresh Environment Clearance
- xi. The PP should give unambiguous affidavit giving land promoters in accordance with your ownership and possession of land legal the case referred for Environment Clearance to SEIAA.
- xii. Concealing factual data or submission of false/fabricated data may result in revocation of this environmental clearance and attract action under the provisions of Environment (Protection) Act,
- xiii. The Ministry/SEIAA may revoke or suspend the clearance, if implementation of any of the above conditions is not satisfactory.
- xiv. The Ministry/SEIAA reserves the right to stipulate additional conditions if found necessary. The Company in a time bound manner shall implement these conditions.
- xv. The Regional Office of this Ministry shall monitor compliance of the stipulated conditions. The project authorities should extend full cooperation to the officer (s) of the Regional Office by furnishing the requisite data / information/monitoring reports.
- xvi. The above conditions shall be enforced, inter-alia under the provisions of the Water (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1974, the Air (Prevention & Control of Pollution) Act, 1981, the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986, Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 and the Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991 along with their amendments and Rules and any other orders passed by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India / High Courts and any other Court of Law relating to the subject matter.

For Advance India Projects Limited

Ambor