# BEFORE THE HARYANA REAL ESTATE APPELLATE TRIBUNAL

**Appeal Nos.619 of 2022** 

Date of Decision: 30.11.2023

Pyramid Infratech Private Limited, Regd. Office at H-38, Ground Floor, M2K White House, Sector-57, Gurugram.

Appellant

#### Versus

Sneh Lata Sachan, Nurses Colony near District Hospital, Pithoragarh, Uttrakhand-262501.

Respondent

## **CORAM:**

Justice Rajan Gupta Chairman Shri Anil Kumar Gupta, Member (Technical)

**Argued by:** Ms. Meher Nagpal, Advocate,

for the appellant.

Mr. Sunny Kadyan, Advocate

for the respondent.

### <u>O R D E R:</u>

## ANIL KUMAR GUPTA, MEMBER (TECHNICAL)

The present appeal has been preferred against the order dated 26.11.2021 passed by the Haryana Real Estate Regulatory Authority, Gurugram (hereinafter referred to as 'the Authority'), whereby Complaint No.1948 of 2021, filed by respondent/allottee for restoration of the flat in favour of the respondent/allottee was disposed of. The operative part of the impugned order is reproduced as under:-

- "38. Hence, the authority hereby passes this order and issues the following directions under section 37 of the Act to ensure compliance of obligations cast upon the promoter as per the function entrusted to the authority under section 34(f);
- (i) The respondent is directed to refund the balance amount of Rs.1,00,934/- to the complainant after deduction of Rs.25000/- from the amount of Rs.1,25,934/- already deducted, failing which legal consequences would follow."
- 2. per the averments in the complaint, the respondent/allottee had applied for allotment of a residential project being developed unit/flat in the by the appellant/promoter known as "Pyramid Fusion Homes" under Affordable Housing Policy of Government of Haryana. She was allotted unit no.1504, 15th floor, Tower-6 in the above said project. The rate of the said unit/flat was agreed to be @ Rs.4,000/- per sq. ft. (excluding balcony). The total sale consideration of the unit was Rs.23,72,160/-. An 'Apartment Buyer's Agreement' (hereinafter referred to as 'the agreement') was executed between the parties on 07.11.2019. The respondent/allottee had been paying the instalments on time and out of the total sale consideration of Rs.23,72,16-/-, the respondent/allottee till the time of filing the complaint had paid an amount of Rs.14,97,428/- to the appellant/promoter. The husband of the respondent/allottee was hospitalised from

12.09.2020 to 28.09.2020 and for that reason she could not pay the due instalment on time. The appellant/promoter cancelled the allotment on 02.01.2021 and refunded an amount of Rs.13,71,494/-. The respondent/allottee approached the appellant/promoter time and again to restore the allotment of unit but to no effect.

- 3. With these pleadings, the allottee filed the complaint seeking following relief:
  - i) Direct the promoter to restore the flat.
  - ii) Direct the promoter to set aside the cancellation of flat made by respondent.
- 4. Upon notice, in its reply, the appellant/promoter has resisted the present complaint on the ground of maintainability and suppression of material facts. On merits, it has taken the stand that the agreement was consciously and voluntarily executed between the parties. The rights and obligations of the allottee as well as appellant/promoter are completely and entirely determined by the covenants incorporated in the agreement. The allottee has misconstrued and misinterpreted the clauses incorporated in the agreement dated 07.11.2019. It was submitted that as per clauses 2.3 of the agreement, it is specifically mentioned that the amount of Rs.25,000/- plus taxes shall be liable to be forfeited in the event of surrender of allotment by the allottee and/or

cancellation of allotment on account of default/breach of the terms and conditions of allotment/transfer contained therein, including non-payment of instalments. In the eventuality of surrender/cancellation, the earnest money shall stand forfeited and the balance amount paid, if any, will be refunded to the allottee, without any interest. However, such refund shall be made only when the said apartment is re-allotted/sold to any other person. Moreover, the Town and Country Planning Department, Haryana amended the policy and notified the same on 05th July, 2019.

It was further pleaded that as per the Affordable 5. Housing Policy, the respondent/allottee is in default of payment despite demand letter dated 23.10.2019, reminder letters dated 19.11.2019 and 10.12.2020 as well as the publication of the defaulter in daily Hindi newspaper 'Rastriya on 09.12.2020. Sahara' A11 this shows the appellant/promoter complied with all the provisions of the policy and cancelled the unit of the respondent/allottee vide cancellation letter dated 02.01.2021 with adequate notice. Also the respondent/allottee had paid Rs.14,97,428/- towards the sale consideration and tax. Therefore, after deduction of cancellation charges i.e. Rs.1,25,934/-, an amount Rs.13,71,494/- was refunded by the appellant/promoter to the respondent/allottee on 15.03.2021 (page 144 of paper

book). The respondent/allottee has no legal and valid claim against the appellant/promoter. The allegations levelled by the respondent/allottee are result of afterthought and have been advanced merely in order to bias the mind of the authority.

- 6. While controverting all the pleas taken in the complaint, the appellant/promoter pleaded for dismissal of the complaint, being without any merit.
- 7. The Authority after considering the pleadings of the parties, passed the impugned order dated 26.11.2021, which has already been reproduced in the opening para of this order.
- 8. We have heard learned counsel for the parties and have carefully gone through the record of the case.
- 9. At the outset, learned counsel for the appellant/promoter contended that it is an admitted fact that the respondent/allottee defaulted in making certain payments as stipulated in the agreement. The appellant/promoter sent multiple payment reminders to the respondent/allottee. The appellant/promoter, then published a list of defaulters in the daily Hindi newspaper 'Rashtriya Sahara' dated 09.12.2020. The name of the respondent/allottee was also mentioned in the list of defaulters in the above said publication. She asserted that despite several reminders, no payment was received from the respondent/allottee, which constrained the

appellant/promoter to cancel the allotment vide cancellation letter dated 02.01.2021. After cancellation, the appellant/promoter proceeded to refund an amount of Rs.13,71,494/- on 15.03.2021. In reply to the complaint, the appellant/promoter had categorically provided the following chart indicating the components comprised in total amount deducted by it:-

Description	Charges
Surrender Charges	Rs.25,000/-
Surrender Charges -Upto two	Rs.71,165/-
years from the date of	
commencement of the project;	
3% of the cost of flat	
Surrender Charges GST @ 18%	Rs.17,310/-
Tax Deduction	Rs.8,896/-
Interest deducted	Rs.3,564/-
Total deduction	Rs.1,25,934/-
Amount paid	Rs.14,97,428/-
Refund amount	Rs.13,71,494/-

- 10. She asserted that the terms of the agreement provides that an amount of Rs.25,000/- plus taxes shall be treated as earnest money. The earnest money includes not only an amount of Rs.25,000/-, but also includes taxes. The appellant/promoter has deducted earnest money and taxes thereon as per clause 2 of the agreement.
- 11. She further asserted that the total amount paid by the allottee was towards the sale consideration and tax. Goods and Service Tax (GST) being statutory levy, has to be deposited with the government and is not to be retained by the

appellant/promoter and therefore, the direction of the Authority in holding that only an amount of Rs.25,000/- can be deducted and not GST, is illegal and is liable to be set aside.

- 12. She further submitted that as per clause 10.3 of the agreement, the appellant/promoter is entitled to cancel the allotment of the unit and after such cancellation; the appellant/promoter is to refund the amount by forfeiting the booking amount paid for the allotment plus 3% of the cost of flat which is Rs. 71,165/- plus GST and interest component on the delayed payment. The rate of interest shall be @ SBI highest MCLR plus 2%.
- 13. With the aforesaid pleadings, she prayed for allowing the appeal filed by the appellant/promoter and setting aside the impugned order.
- On the other hand, learned counsel for the respondent/allottee contended that the order of the Authority is as per the Act and the contract agreement. There is no infirmity in the order of the Authority and the appeal deserves to be dismissed.
- 15. We have duly considered the aforesaid contentions of both the parties.
- 16. Admittedly, the allottee approached the appellant/promoter for allotment of a flat in multi storey

residential project of the appellant/promoter namely "Pyramid Fusion Homes". The allottee was provisionally allotted a unit bearing no. 1504, measuring 580.54 sq. ft. carpet area and 100 sq. ft. balcony area, on 15th floor in Tower no.6 Sector 70-A, Gurugrm in the above said project on the same day. The total sale consideration of the unit was Rs.23,72,160/-. Subsequently, the agreement between the parties for the said unit was executed on 07.11.2019. The allottee had made a total payment of Rs.14,97,428/-. However, the husband of the respondent/allottee was hospitalised from 12.09.2020 to 28.09.2020 and for that reason the allottee could not make payment of the due instalment. Consequently, appellant/promoter gave notice to the allottee for making the payment. The appellant/promoter then published defaulters' list of allottees in the daily Hindi newspaper 'Rastriya Sahara' on 09.12.2020. The appellant/promoter proceeded to cancel the allotment on 02.01.2021 and refunded an amount of Rs.13,71,494/- on 15.03.2021 (page 144 of the paper book) after deducting Rs.1,25,935/- from the amount paid by the allottee.

17. To address the issue of cancellation, we refer to clause 5(iii)(i) of the Affordable Housing Policy, 2013, which reads as below:-

## Clause 5(iii)(i)

"If any successful applicant fails to deposit the installments within the time period as prescribed in the allotment letter issued by the colonizer, a reminder may be issued to him for depositing the due installments within a period of 15 days from the date of issue of such notice. If the allottee still defaults in making the payment, the list of such defaulters may be published in one regional Hindi news-paper having circulation of more than ten thousand in the State for payment of due amount within 15 days from the date of publication of such notice, filing which allotment may be cancelled. In such cases also an amount of Rs.25,000/- may be deducted by the colonizer and the balance amount shall be refunded to the applicant. Such flats may be considered by the committee for offer to those applicants falling in the waiting list".

respondent/allottee paid an 18. amount Rs.14,97,428/-(Page no.144 of the paper book). The appellant/promoter sent letter/reminders dated 23.10.2020, 19.11.2020 and 10.12.2020 to the respondent/allottee for payment of an amount of Rs.2,99,486/- on account of due 141 of the paper (Page no.140 & instalments husband of Admittedly, the respondent/allottee was hospitalized and for that reason; the respondent/allottee could not pay the due instalments on time. Subsequently, 09.12.2020, the appellant/promoter published a notice for payment in the daily Hindi newspaper 'Rastriya Sahara,' and on 02.01.2021, a cancellation letter was issued. It is evident from the above sequence of events that the appellant/promoter adhered to the prescribed procedure outlined in clause 5 (iii)(i) of the 2013 policy, justifying the cancellation of the allottee's unit due to non-payment of dues.

19. The appellant/promoter after cancellation of the unit has deducted an amount of Rs.1,25,934/- from the total amount of Rs.14,97,428/- paid by the allottee as per the below mentioned table:

Description	Charges
Surrender Charges	Rs.25,000/-
Surrender Charges -Upto two	Rs.71,165/-
years from the date of	
commencement of the project;	
3% of the cost of flat	
Surrender Charges GST @ 18%	Rs.17,310/-
Tax Deduction	Rs.8,896/-
Interest deducted	Rs.3,564/-
Total deduction	Rs.1,25,934/-
Amount paid	Rs.14,97,428/-
Refund amount	Rs.13,71,494/-

The question for consideration before us is whether the deduction of Rs.1,25,934/- made by the appellant/ promoter is in accordance with the policy of 2013. To address the said controversy, clause 5(iii)(h) of the Affordable Housing Policy as amended on 05.07.2019, relied upon by the appellant/promoter, is reproduced as under:-

## Clause 5(iii)(h)

"In case of surrender of flat by any successful applicant, an amount of Rs.25,000/- may be deducted by the colonizer", shall be substituted as under:- "On surrender of flat by any successful allottee, the amount that can be forfeited by the

colonizer in addition to Rs.25,000/- shall not exceed the following:

Sr.No.	Particulars	Amount to be
		forfeited
(aa)	In case of surrender of	Nil
	flat before	
	commencement of the	
	project.	
(bb)	Upto 1 year from the	1% of the cost
	date of commencement	of flat.
	of the project.	
(cc)	Upto 2 years from the	3% of the cost
	date of commencement	of flat
	of the project.	
(dd)	After 2 years from the	5% of the cost
	date of commencement	of flat.
	of the project.	9

- 21. Upon perusal of the above said clause of the policy, it becomes evident that the above said clause pertains to surrender of the flat by the allottee, whereas, the current matter involves the cancellation of the flat by the appellant/promoter, as covered under clause 5(iii)(i) of the Affordable Housing Policy. The said clause 5(iii)(i) of the Affordable Housing Policy is already reproduced above in para 18 of this appeal.
- 22. Consequently, under the said clause 5(iii)(i), the appellant/promoter is only authorized to deduct Rs.25,000/-from the amount paid by the allottee. Deducting Rs.1,25,934/-as 3% of the flat's cost is not justified, as it does not align with the provisions of clause 5(iii)(i) of the Affordable Housing Policy.

- 23. The deduction of Rs.17,310/for Surrender Charges GST and Rs.8,896/- under heading of 'Tax deduction' in the table raises a significant question regarding its validity. appellant/promoter failed has to furnish substantiating evidence demonstrating that the appellant/promoter had indeed disbursed this GST amount of Rs.17,310/- on behalf of the allottee or that such an expense arose as a direct result of the allottee's actions. The absence of such documentary proof casts doubts on the legitimacy of this deduction.
- 24. The interest amount of Rs.3,564/-, as indicated in the table under "interest deducted" is also not recoverable, as it does not conform to the provisions of the Affordable Housing Policy.
- According to clause 5(iii) (h) read in conjunction 25. with clause 5(iii)(i) of the Affordable Housing Policy, the appellant/promoter is entitled to deduct only Rs.25,000/from the amount paid by the allottee upon unit cancellation, and the remaining amount should be refunded to the allottee. Therefore, we find no legal infirmity with the order of the authority that the appellant/promoter can only deduct Rs.25,000/- from the amount paid by the allottee. Consequently, the appellant/promoter is obligated to refund

the remaining amount of Rs.1,00,934/- to the allottee (Rs.1,25,934 minus Rs. 25,000 equals Rs.1,00,934/-).

- 26. No other point was argued before us.
- 27. Thus, keeping in view our aforesaid discussion, the present appeal filed by appellant/promoter has no merit and the same is hereby dismissed.
- 28. No order as to costs.
- 29. The amount deposited by the appellant/promoter i.e. Rs.1,00,934/- with this Tribunal in view of the proviso to Section 43(5) of the Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016, along with interest accrued thereon, be sent to the learned Authority for disbursement to the respondent/allottee subject to tax liability, if any, as per law and rules.
- 30. Copy of this order be communicated to the parties/learned counsel for the parties and the learned Authority for compliance.
- 31. File be consigned to the record.

Announced:

November 30, 2023

Justice Rajan Gupta Chairman Haryana Real Estate Appellate Tribunal

> Anil Kumar Gupta Member (Technical)